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FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DEPART (REV 11-98)	TMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER				
	TO THE UNITED STATES	MJ-729				
	ED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)				
	NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09/381484				
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/US98/10566	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 20 March 1998	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 27 March 1997				
TITLE OF INVENTION Use of Doco	osahexanoic Acid and Arachidon Preterm Infants					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US	y L. Merkel; James W. Hansen					
	es Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the follo	wing items and other information:				
1. This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.						
This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).  A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.						
5. X A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))						
a. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).						
	b. has been transmitted by the International Bureau.					
c. x is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).						
	al Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)( ne International Application under PCT Article					
	7. (a) Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).					
	by the International Bureau.					
	owever, the time limit for making such amend	ments has NOT expired.				
d. x have not been made an						
	s to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.	C. 371(c)(3)).				
9. An oath or declaration of the in		V V-V-				
	the International Preliminary Examination Re	port under PCT Article 36				
Items 11. to 16. below concern docume						
_	ement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.	- with 27 OPP 6.60				
12. An assignment document for re	cording. A separate cover sheet in compliance	e with 37 CFK 3.28 and 3.31 is included.				
13. A FIRST preliminary amendme	nt.					
☐ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT	preliminary amendment.					
14. A substitute specification.						
15. A change of power of attorney a	and/or address letter.					
16. X Other items or information:						
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	States Postal Service "Express Mail Post under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated					
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USE OF DOCOSAHEXANOIC ACID AND ARACHIDONIC ACID ENHANCING THE GROWTH OF PRETERM INFANTS

# Field of Invention

The present invention concerns enhancing the growth of preterm infants involving administration of infant formula containing a combination of docosahexaenoic and arachidonic acid.

# Background of the Invention

The long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids (LC PUFA) have been shown to be important in infant development. Particularly, arachidonic acid (ARA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) are LC PUFA that are of special interest in infant nutrition because they are found in high concentrations in the brain (Sastry PS, Lipids of nervous tissue: composition and metabolism. Progress Lipid Res 1985;24:69-176) and the retina (Fliesler SJ and Anderson RE. Chemistry and metabolism of lipids in the vertebrate retina. Progress Lipid Res 1983;22:79-131). ARA (20:4n-6) and DHA (22:6n-3) are derived from the parent essential fatty acids linoleic acid (18:2n-6) and α-linolenic acid (18:3n-3) through alternate desaturation and elongation and accumulate rapidly in fetal neural tissue during the last months of gestation and the first months of postnatal life (Makrides M, Neuman MA, Byard RW, Simmer K, Gibson RA. Fatty composition of the brain, retina and erythrocytes in breast- and formula-fed infants. Am J Clin Nutr 1994;60:189-94).

Unlike term infants, preterm infants do not fully benefit from the maternal and placental LC PUFA supply during the last trimester of pregnancy. Even though preterm infants are capable of synthesizing both DHA and ARA from their 18 carbon precursors (Carnielli VP, Wattimena DJL, Luijendijk IHT, Boerlage A, Degenhart HJ, Sauer PJJ. The very low birth weight premature infant is capable of synthesizing arachidonic and docosahexaenoic acids from linoleic and linolenic acids. Pediat Res 1996;40:169-174), it remains unclear whether the rate of synthesis is adequate to meet the optimal needs for central nervous system accretion in the absence of a dietary supply of these fatty acids. Preterm infants are dependent on their own dietary supply of linoleic and α-linolenic acids through either human milk, which also contains small but significant amounts of ARA and DHA or through commercially available artificial formulas, none of which in the United States contain ARA and DHA.

It has been demonstrated in recent studies (Hoffman DR and Uauy R. Essentiality of dietary  $\omega$ -3 fatty acids for premature infants: Plasma and red blood cell fatty acid composition. Lipids 1992;27:886-95) that the fatty acid composition of red blood cell membrane lipids in infants receiving formulas supplemented with DHA (0.35% of total fatty acids) was similar to human milk-fed infants. In the same study, Birch (Birch DG, Birch EE, Hoffman DR, Uauy RD. Retinal development in very-low-birth-weight infants fed diets differing in Omega-3 fatty acids. Investigation Ophthalmology Visual Science 1992;33:2365-76) found that retinal function improved with the provision of a dietary supply of DHA in very low birth weight infants.

The first year growth of preterm infants fed standard formula compared to marine oil LC PUFA supplemented formula was studied by Carlson et al. (Carlson SE, Cooke, RJ, Werkman SH, Tolley EA. First year growth of preterm infants fed standard compared to marine oil n-3 supplemented formula. Lipids 1992:27:901-907). The experimental formulas provided 0.2% of total fatty acids as DHA and also provided 0.3% as EPA (20:5n-3). This EPA concentration is higher than found in human milk while the DHA level is similar to human milk. Beginning at 40 weeks from conception, marine oil supplemented infants compared to controls had significantly lower weight, length, and head circumference. From this study, Carlson (Carlson SE, Werkman SH, Peeles JM, Cooke RJ, Tolley EA. Arachidonic acid status correlates with first year growth in preterm infants. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1993;90:1073-77) hypothesized that dietary ARA could improve first year growth of preterm infants, in the context of restoring growth to the level of control formula containing no LC PUFA.

In another study (Montalto, FB, et al., Pediatric Research, Vol 39, page 316A, abstract no. 1878) it was shown that male infants fed marine oil supplemented formula (containing DHA but essentially no ARA) had, by 4 to 6 months, lower head circumference, length, weight and fat free mass than standard formula fed infants. A third study also showed decreased weight at 9 and 12 months corrected age in preterm infants fed marine oil supplemented formula (with LC PUFA) to 2 months corrected age compared with control formula containing no LC PUFA (Carlson SE, et al., Am. J. Clin. Nutr., 63 pp 687-97, 1996).

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The prior art has demonstrated that infants with altered tissue LC PUFA levels, resulting from a lack of LC PUFA in their diets, may be at risk for neurological problems, may also have reduced scores on cognitive tests, and may have lower retinal development than human milk-fed infants. Worldwide regulatory organizations such as the WHO/FAO Expert Committee on Fats and Oils in Human Nutrition have recommended that LC PUFA be included in preterm infant formula. These recommendations have been made despite the negative effects observed of DHA supplements on growth. There has been no demonstration in the literature that ARA and DHA, particularly when added to infant formula, enhances the growth of infants above that demonstrated by control formulas not containing ARA and DHA.

# Summary of the Invention

It has unexpectedly been discovered that preterm infants receiving infant formula supplemented with both DHA and ARA demonstrate enhanced growth. The present invention is directed to enhancing the growth of preterm infants comprising administering to said infants a growth enhancing amount of DHA and ARA.

## Detailed Description of the Invention

As reported in a review of preterm infant growth by Carlson, SE, (The Jrnl of Pediatrics, vol 125, pp 533-8, 1994) "After adjusting for postconceptional age, preterm infants show a decline (rather

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than a catch-up) in the normalized weight from approximately 2 to 4 months past expected term."

Several prior art studies have documented the value of administering DHA to infants. However, when DHA, either as the primary LC PUFA or combined with EPA, is administered to preterm infants, said infants suffer from decreased growth. It has been suggested that ARA may be beneficial to growth; however, heretofore the growth effects of administering both DHA and ARA to preterm infants have been unknown. It has been surprisingly discovered that administering the combination of ARA and DHA results in enhanced growth of infants relative to infants fed DHA alone. It has also been discovered that preterm infants administered an infant formula containing ARA and DHA exhibit enhanced growth relative to preterm infants fed control formula without DHA and ARA, such as those formulas currently used in modern nurseries. It has further been discovered that practice of the method of the invention results in growth of preterm infants catching up in an unexpected short time to a reference group of normal term breast fed infants.

The time to achieve growth similar or equivalent to normal term breast fed infants by practice of the method of the invention is less than 9 months corrected age; preferably less than 6 months corrected age, more preferably less than 4 months corrected age, even more preferably less than 2 months corrected age, and most preferably no greater than term corrected age.

The method of the invention requires a combination of DHA and ARA. The weight ratio weight of ARA:DHA can be about 1:2 to about 5:1, preferably about 1:1 to about 3:1, and more preferably

about 2:1.

In the method of the invention the combination of DHA and ARA is preferably administered as part of an infant formula. The infant formula for use in the present invention is preferably nutritionally complete and typically contains suitable types and amounts of lipid, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins and minerals. The amount of lipid or fat typically can vary from about 3 to about 7 g/100 kcal. The amount of protein typically can vary from about 1 to about 5 g/100 kcal. The amount of carbohydrate typically can vary from about 8 to about 12 g/100 kcal. Protein sources can be any used in the art, e.g., nonfat milk, whey protein, casein, soy protein, hydrolyzed protein, amino acids, and the like. Carbohydrate sources can be any used in the art, e.g., lactose, glucose, corn syrup solids, maltodextrins, sucrose, starch, rice syrup solids, and the like. Lipid sources can be any used in the art, e.g., vegetable oils such as palm oil, soybean oil, palmolein, coconut oil, medium chain triglyceride oil, high oleic sunflower oil, high oleic safflower oil, and the like. Conveniently, commercially available infant formula can be used. For example, Enfamil®, Enfamil® Premature Formula, Enfamil® with Iron, Lactofree®, Nutramigen®, Pregestimil®, ProSobee® (available from Mead Johnson & Company, Evansville, Indiana, U.S.A.), Similac®, Isomil®, Alimentum®, Neocare®, and Similac® Special Care (available from Ross Laboratories, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.), may be supplemented with suitable levels of ARA and DHA at the proper ratios and used in practice of the method of the invention.

The form of administration of the DHA and ARA in the method of the invention is not critical, as

long as a growth enhancing amount is administered. Most conveniently, the DHA and ARA are supplemented into infant formula which is then fed to the infants. Alternatively, the DHA and ARA can be administered as a supplement not integral to the formula feeding, for example, as oil drops, sachets, in combination with other nutrient supplements such as vitamins, and the like.

The growth enhancing amount of DHA is typically about 2.5 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 60 mg/kg of body weight/day, preferably about 6 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 40 mg/kg of body weight/day, more preferably about 12 mg/kg body weight/day to about 30 mg/kg body weight/day, and even more preferably about 18 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 24 mg/kg of body weight/day.

The growth enhancing amount of ARA is typically about 5 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 120 mg/kg of body weight/day, preferably about 12 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 80 mg/kg of body weight/day, more preferably about 24 mg/kg body weight/day to about 60 mg/kg body weight/day, and even more preferably about 36 mg/kg of body weight/day to about 48 mg/kg body weight/day.

The amount of DHA in infant formulas for use in the present invention typically varies from about 2 mg/100 kilocalories (kcal) to about 50 mg/100 kcal, preferably about 5 mg/100 kcal to about 33 mg/100 kcal, more preferably about 10 mg/100 kcal to about 25 mg/100 kcal, and even more preferably about 15 mg/100 kcal to about 20 mg/100 kcal.

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The amount of ARA in infant formula for use in the present invention typically varies from about 4 mg/100 kcal to about 100 mg/100 kcal, preferably about 10 mg/100 kcal to about 67 mg/100 kcal, more preferably about 20 mg/100 kcal to about 50 mg/100 kcal, and even more preferably about 30 mg/100 kcal to about 40 mg/100 kcal.

The infant formula supplemented with oils containing DHA and ARA for use in the present invention can be made using standard techniques known in the art. For example, replacing an equivalent amount of an oil normally present, e.g., high oleic sunflower oil.

The source of the ARA and DHA can be any source known in the art such as fish oil, single cell oil, egg yolk lipid, brain lipid, and the like. The DHA and ARA can be in natural form, provided that the remainder of the LC PUFA source does not result in any substantial deleterious effect on the infant. Alternatively, the DHA and ARA can be used in refined form. It is preferred that the LC PUFA used in the invention contain little or no EPA. For example, it is preferred that the infant formulas used herein contain less than about 20 mg/100 kcal EPA; preferably less than about 10 mg/kcal EPA; more preferably less than about 5 mg/100 kcal EPA; and most preferably substantially no EPA.

Preferred sources of DHA and ARA are single cell oils as taught in U.S. patent nos. 5,374,657, 5,550,156, and 5,397,591, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

The following examples are to illustrate the invention but should not be interpreted as a limitation thereon.

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## **EXAMPLES**

# I CLINICAL STUDY DESIGN

#### INTRODUCTION

This study is a double-blind, randomized, controlled parallel design, prospective trial of premature infant formulas containing microalgae and fungi-derived oils which contain a part of their constituents arachidonic acid and docosohexaenoic acid. Formula feeding subjects will be randomized into one of 3 feeding groups:

- premature formula plus DHA (about 0.13% of energy) and ARA (about 0.26% of energy)
- premature formula plus DHA (about 0.13% of energy)
- premature formula WITHOUT DHA and ARA

The products have the same nutrient composition (see Appendix A) and differ only in the level of DHA and ARA. The products will be blinded. The present order of formula has no relationship to randomization.

Normal, term, breast fed infants will be enrolled to provide a normal visual acuity reference.

Fifty evaluable subjects will be completed in each group. Premature infants will remain on study formulas after reaching 90 kcal/kg/d for a minimum of 28 days or until hospital discharge whichever is longer. After 28 days or discharge, whichever is longer, all premature infants will receive Enfamil or Enfalac with Iron. If medically indicated, ProSobee, Lactofree, Alactamil, Nutramigen, or Pregestimil may be used in place of Enfamil or Enfalac with Iron. Term infants will receive at least 85% of their nutrition from breast milk. Primary measures of effectiveness will include visual acuity and red blood cell membrane fatty acid profiles (i.e. DHA and ARA levels). The measure of safety will be growth and adverse experience reports.

#### SUBJECTS

# 2.1 SOURCE AND CHARACTERIZATION OF STUDY GROUP

Acceptable preterm subjects will be relatively healthy premature infants taking

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preterm formula. Anticipated hospitalization should be sufficient to allow for 28 days of enteral intake  $\geq$  90 kcal/kg/d and  $\geq$  85% study formula intake. All races and both sexes will be eligible for the study.

#### 2.2 INCLUSION CRITERIA

#### Preterm infants

- Birth weight ≥ 900 g
- Formula feeding at time of study enrollment
- . Anticipate enteral intake of ≥ 90 kcal/kg/day for ≥ 28 days before discharge home
- . Informed consent obtained

#### Term Infants:

- 38 to 42 weeks gestation
- . Committed to breast feeding
- Informed Consent obtained

#### 2.3 EXCLUSION CRITERIA

#### Preterm infants

≥1500 g at birth

#### Preterm and Term Infants:

- History of underlying disease or congenital malformation which in the opinion of the investigator is likely to interfere with the evaluation of the subject
- More than 24 days between birth and full oral feeds (≥ 90 kcal/kg/d)
- Small (<10th percentile) for gestational age at birth (SGA)
- Necrotizing enterocolitis as diagnosed by the physician

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- Other gastrointestinal disease
- . Impaired visual or ocular status at birth

## 2.4 CONCOMITANT MEDICATIONS, HOSPITALIZATIONS, ILLNESSES

- . No medication which may effect FPL response may be used within 3 days of measurement.
- . No evidence of viral of bacterial infection during FPL testing.
- No medications known to effect lipid metabolism (e.g., heparin at therapeutic levels)

#### 3. STUDY PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### 3.1 FORMULATIONS

Nutrient composition is included as Appendix A.

#### 4. STUDY PROCEDURES

#### 4.2.1 ENROLLMENT

Enrollment will take place over a 6 month period. Ideally, sufficient subjects will be enrolled so that 10 subjects in each group complete the study at each site for the multi-center trial. A total of 50 infants per formula group will complete this trial.

#### 4.2.2 SCHEDULE OF EVENTS (SEE FLOW CHART, SECTION 8.4)

#### 4.2.2.1 RECRUITMENT

Mothers of eligible, healthy, preterm formula fed infants and term, breastfed infants will be contacted, the study explained to them, and if they are agreeable, written informed consent obtained.

Term infants may be enrolled anytime from birth until or during the 48 week visit.

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#### 4.2.2.2 RANDOMIZATION

Recruited formula fed subjects will be randomized into study groups. Randomization can occur anytime after enteral feeds reach 50 kcal/kg/day until commencement of full enteral feeds (i.e., >90 kcal/kg/day).

#### 4.2.2.3 FEEDING

All premature infants will receive their assigned study formula after informed consent has been granted and enteral feeds are at least 50 kcal/kg/day. The infant will remain on study formula 28 days after reaching 90 kcal/kg/d or until hospital discharge, whichever is longer. Oral feeding amount, strength and rate will advance as appropriate for the clinical management of the infant.

All parents will be instructed not to feed solid foods during the study. The parents will be instructed that the study formula or breast milk is to serve as the sole source of food from enrollment to study end.

#### 4.2.2.4 BASELINE DATA COLLECTION

The following data will be collected by the Investigator at the time of enrollment and randomization on the case report forms:

- . Informed consent of parent obtained.
- . Post conceptual age.
- That the subject is a premature infant, with Birth weight ≥900 gm and ≥1500 gm or a normal term infant between 38 and 42 weeks gestational age.
- That the preterm subject is receiving infant formula or term infant is committed to breast feeding.
- . Anticipated preterm infant enteral intake of ≥90 kcal/kg/day for ≥28 days prior to discharge home.
- . That the subject has no history of underlying disease, inborn error of metabolism, or congenital malformation which in the opinion of the Investigator is likely to interfere with the evaluation of the study formulas.

- That the subject is not small (<10th percentile) for gestational age at birth.
- That the subject does not have necrotizing enterocolitis as diagnosed by a physician.
- . That the subject does not have a gastrointestinal disease.
- No more than 24 days between birth and full enteral feeds (i.e., ≥90 kcal/kg/day).
- That the subject did not have impaired visual or ocular status at birth.
- . Birth date, sex, race.
- Birth weight, length and head circumference

#### 4.2.2.5 INVESTIGATOR PERIODIC DATA COLLECTION

"During hospitalization, preterm subjects will have their weight recorded daily while they are receiving study formula. Length and head circumference will be recorded weekly, along with an additional weight measurement. For a given subject, the same scale should be used for the weekly weight measurement."

"Weight, length, and head circumference will also be recorded at the 40, 48, and 57 week post conceptual age visit (preterm) and 56 and 119 days of age visit (term)."

#### 4.2.2.6 BLOOD DRAW

When preterm infant enrolls in the study and again at termination of study formula (i.e., hospital discharge or 28 days after reaching 90 kcal/kg/d of study product), the Investigator will ascertain that the infant is essentially solely formula fed. If this criteria is met, 1.2 ml/blood will be drawn for blood lipids. The sample will be processed as described in Appendix B.

An attempt will also be made to draw a similar blood sample at the 48 weeks PCA visit when visual acuity is measured in both term and preterm infants.

# 4.2.2.7 VISUAL ACUITY BY FORCED CHOICE PREFERENTIAL LOOKING (FPL) AT 48 AND 57 WEEKS ± 4 DAYS POST-CONCEPTUAL AGE

When the infant is 48 and 57 weeks  $\pm$  4 days post-conceptual age, trained persons at each study site will follow the Teller Acuity Card Procedure for the measurement of visual acuity of all study subjects. It is essential that only persons who are trained in the FPL procedure for determining visual acuity do the testing. If necessary, training of responsible persons and documentation of completion of successful training will be done at Children's Hospital Medical Center Ophthalmology Department in Seattle, Washington, according to the procedure attached as Appendix C.

If the infant cannot complete the procedure at 48 or 57 weeks  $\pm$  4 days postconceptual age (i.e., too fussy, too sleepy, too inattentive) the test should be repeated within 7 days.

# 4.2.2.8 INTERIM EVALUATION

At preterm infant hospital discharge or 28 days after reaching 90 kcal/kg/d of study formula feeding, whichever is longer, the investigator will fill out an "Interim Evaluation" form. After reviewing the subject's records and discussion with the parents and staff, the investigator will indicate whether:

- Whether or not the subject completed at least 28 days of study formula intake ≥90 kcal/kg/d and both blood samples obtained
- If the study was not completed, and reason
- . Whether or not the subject received steroids (glucorticoids)
- Investigator's evaluation of the study formula

The first and last dates study material was taken will be recorded.

#### 4.2.2.9 FINAL EVALUATION

At the final study visit (57 weeks postconceptual age) or earlier if the subject drops out, the Investigator will fill out a "Final Evaluation" Case Report Form. After reviewing the subject's records and discussion with the parents, the Investigator will indicate whether the subject:

- (1) Completed feeding regiment and all study parameters (i.e., anthropometrics and visual acuity measured).
- (2) Did not complete feeding regimen.
- (3) Not completed and reason.

# 4.3 CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS

# 4.3.1 PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Subjects will have weight, length and head circumferences recorded at birth, weekly while hospitalized, then at 40, 48, and 57 weeks  $\pm$  4 days postconceptual age.

Body weight will be measured using an electronic balance or a double beam balance accurate to 10 g or ½ oz with non-detachable weights. During hospitalization, if more than one such balance is employed in the practice, either one balance should be designated the study balance and all study weights will be carried out on that balance for a particular subject, or the balances will be checked and certified to register the same weight throughout the range of weights expected. Outpatient weights will be obtained on a calibrated office scale.

Documentation indicating balance calibration of the outpatient balance carried out within 12 months of study initiation will be supplied to the Sponsor.

Length will be measured with the infant in recumbent position with the help of two examiners and a suitable measuring apparatus. One person holds the subject's head in contact with a fixed vertical headboard and a second person holds the subject's feet, toes pointing directly upward and, also applying gentle traction. The baby is measured from the headboard to the soles of the feet with a non-stretching tape measure.

Head circumference will be measured, employing a flexible, nonstretchable cloth or vinyl tape.

# 4.3.2 VISUAL ACUITY BY FORCED CHOICE PREFERENTIAL LOOKING (FPL)

Visual acuity will be determined at 48 and 57 weeks  $\pm$  4 days postconceptual age according to procedures outlined in Appendix C.

# 4.3.3 LABORATORY TESTS

Blood will be drawn from preterm infants by heel prick or venipuncture when study formula is begun and terminated. An attempt will be made to draw blood at 48 weeks  $\pm$  4 days PCA from both term and preterm infants. Procedures for handling the blood are described in Appendix B.

FLOW CHART

			PRE	PRETERM				TERM	
EVENT	Birth	Enteral Intake >50 kcal/kg/d	Termination of Study Formula t	Visit 1 40 wks ± 4d PCA	Visit 2 48 wks ± 4d PCA	Visit 3 57 wks ± 4d PCA	· Visit 1 40 wks ± 4d PCA	Visit 2 48 wks ± 4d PCA	Visit 3 57 wks ± 4d PCA
Randomization		<b>&gt;</b>							-
Study Formula		>						٠	
Enfamil w/iron			^	^	>	>			
Human Milk					•		>	>	>
			Phy	Physical				Physical	
Weight	>	*>	>	>	>	^	>	>	>
Length	>	*>	^	>	>	>	>	>	>
Head	>	*	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
Blood Draw		>	>		>			^	
Visual Acuity Test					>	>		>	>
Illnesses				>	>	>		>	>
Interim Assessment			>						
Final Assessment		)	(when the subject discontinues or completes)	scontinues or com	pletes)		(when the su	(when the subject discontinues or completes)	or completes)

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/ Medical problems related to or affecting formula consumption will be recorded when they occur. Fecorded daily and weekly during hospitalization. At hospital discharge or 28 days of study formula intake (after reaching 90 kcal/kg/d), whichever is later.

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#### 5. CRITERIA FOR RESPONSE

Criteria for response will depend upon the following:

- Visual Acuity better than the control formula.
- Visual Acuity comparable to breastfed term infant.
  - Red Blood Cell phosphatidyl ethanolamine DHA and ARA weight % greater than formula control group.
  - Growth as measured by weight achieved at 48 and 57 weeks postconceptual age comparable to formula control group.

#### 6. STATISTICS

#### 6.1 RANDOMIZATION

If the subject meets the inclusion and exclusion criteria, randomization to one of three formula groups will take place. The randomization schedule will be provided by Mead Johnson Research Center. A separate randomization schedule will be provided for males and females.

#### 6.2 SAMPLE SIZE

The primary parameter of interest is visual acuity as measured by the Forced Choice Preferential Looking (FPL). The minimal clinically relevant difference was determined to be 0.5 octave. A consultant in the field of visual acuity estimated the standard deviation to be 0.5 octave. This value was increased to .7 octave in case more variability was experienced in this study. Thirty-two subjects per group are needed to attain 80% power when testing at an alpha level of 0.05.

A sample size estimate of 50 per group was determined to achieve  $\alpha$  + 0.05,  $\beta$  + 0.20, for weight of infants receiving study oil being greater than 400 gm below control at 48 weeks postconceptual age or 500 g below control at 57 weeks postconceptual age with a standard deviation of 800 g. It was therefore determined that 50 subjects per group will be used in the study.

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#### 6.3 ANALYTICAL PLAN

Visual acuity data will be recorded in cycles per cm. These values will be converted to cycles per degree using the following formula:

cycles/degree = 
$$38 \times \text{cycles/cm}$$

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A log transformation will be applied to the data prior to analysis. Analysis of variance techniques will be used to assess feeding regimen group differences in visual acuity. If the overall F test for feeding regimen is significant at al alpha level of 0.05, pairwise comparisons will be made at an alpha level of 0.05. If no significant differences are detected, then a post-study power analysis will be performed to demonstrate that the study had adequate power to detect the minimal clinically relevant difference.

Analysis of variance will be used to assess feeding regimen differences in phosphatidyl choline DHA and ARA levels and in phosphatidyl ethanolamine DHA and ARA levels at each time point. If the overall F test is significant at al alpha level of 0.05, then pairwise comparisons will be made at an alpha level of 0.05.

Analysis of variance will be used to assess feeding regiment differences in weight at 48 and 57 weeks postconceptual age. The statistical model will include terms for feeding regimen, study center, sex and all two-way interactions. Non-significant interactions will be removed from the final statistical model. Two one-sided tests will be performed comparing each experimental formula (EC) with the control formula (CF). The hypothesis to be tested is as follows:

$$H_0 = \text{Weight (CF)} \leq \text{Weight (EF)}.$$

The alternative hypothesis is as follows:

$$H_1 = \text{Weight (CF)} > \text{Weight (EF)}.$$

If  $H_0$  if rejected and the mean weight of the control formula exceeds that of the experimental formula by more than 400 mg at 48 weeks postconceptual age or by 500 g at 57 weeks postconceptual age then the conclusion is that the experimental formula does not exceed that of the experimental formula by more than 400 g at 48 weeks postconceptual age

Line Control C

or by 500 mg at 57 weeks postconceptual age then the conclusion is that the experimental formula does provide adequate growth. If  $H_{\circ}$  is not rejected then a post-study power analysis will be performed to demonstrate that eh study had adequate power to detect the above mentioned clinically relevant differences. If adequate power is achieved then the conclusion is that the experimental formula does provide adequate growth.

Fisher's exact test will be used to compare the proportion of subjects in each group with illness/symptoms of concern during the study. The analysis will be performed for each type of illness/symptom reported, with classification of investigator terms into similar terminology made as necessary.

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# APPENDIX A NUTRIENT COMPOSITION OF FORMULAS

All study formulas are 24 kcal/fl oz and are identical in composition to marketed Enfamil Premature Formula except for the study oils employed. These oils are described in the protocol.

NUTRIENT	STUDY FORMULAS AMOUNT/100 kcal	ENFAMIL WITH Fe
Protein, g	3	2.2
Fat, g	5.1	5.6
Carbohydrate, g	11.1	10.3
Vitamin A IU	1250	310
Vitamin D IU	270	63
Vitamin E IU	6.3	,2
Vitamun Kinneg	8	8
Thiamine, mcg	200	78
Riboflavin, meg	300	150
Vitamin B <sub>6</sub> , mcg	150	63
Vitamin B <sub>12</sub> , meg	0.25	0.23
Niacin, meg	4000	1250
Folic Acid, mcg	35	15.6
Pantothenate, mcg	1200	470
Biotin, mcg	4	2.3
Vitamin C, mg	20	8.1
Choline, mg	12	15.6
Inositol, mg	17	4.7
Calcium, mg	165	78
Phosphorus, mg	83	53
Magnesium, mg	6.3	7.8
Iroa, mg	1.8	0.5
Zine, mg	1.5	0.78
Manganese, mcg	6.3	15.6
Copper, mcg	125	94
lodine, mcg	25	6
Sodium mg (mEq)	39 (1.7)	27(1.17)
Potassium mg (Meq)	103 (2.6)	108 (2.8)
Chloride mg (Meq)	85 (2.4)	63 (1 77)

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#### FINAL STUDY REPORT

Study Design: This double-blind, parallel-group study (project 3338) was carried out in 16 neonatal centers (study numbers 9698-9709, 9712, 9723, 9743, and 9746) in North America. Three premature infant feedings were compared. Each had the same composition except for the incorporation of fingal and/or micro algal oils up to about 3% of the fat blend to provide the experimental levels of docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) and arachidonic acid (ARA). The control formula (C, Enfamil® Premature Formula) contained no DHA or ARA, the DHA formula (D) contained about 0.15% of energy as DHA (0.34% of fat), and the DHA+ARA formula (DA) contained about 0.14% of energy as DHA (0.33% of fat) and 0.27% of energy as ARA (0.60% of fat). The formulas were fed to 284 randomized infants weighing 846 to 1560 grams at birth for at least 28 days. Upon completion of study formula intake, they were given routine infant formula and followed through 4 months gestationally corrected age. A group of 90 exclusively human milk fed term infants were enrolled and followed to 4 months of age as a reference group (H).

Study Objective and Statistical Analysis: The primary objective of this study was to establish the safety of feeding D or DA to preterm infants during their initial hospitalization as measured 1) by growth, acceptance and tolerance while consuming the formula for at least 1 month and 2) by close monitoring and observation for a 4 to 5 month follow-up period (4-5 times the treatment period) while consuming unsupplemented routine term infant formula. The primary growth parameter selected was weight with evaluation of the proposition that weight on test formula was greater than or equal to weight on control formula. The one sided statistical test for an adverse effect on growth maximized the power to detect a difference should one be present. A two-sided test was used for all other parameters. A p-value of less than 0.05 was used to establish significance.

Secondary objectives of the study were 1) to evaluate the impact of fatty acid levels in erythrocyte phospholipids at the end of study feeding and 2) to determine if any effect on mean visual acuity greater than half an octave could be demonstrated at 2 and 4 months corrected age.

Results: Six infants were just outside the weight parameters and five infants just older than the less than 24 days chronological age parameter for enrollment in the study. In each case, judgement by the clinical or medical monitor was made to include them in the study prior to enrollment based on their homogeneity with other study infants in all other particulars, e.g., state of health, type of medical complications, and weight for gestational age. All these infants were included in the analysis of the study results.

The formula groups were comparable at enrollment (See table 1). Post-conceptual age, weight, length, and head circumference at enrollment did not differ among the groups.

All groups experienced comparable final study status (See table 2). Drop outs did not differ among the formula fed groups during hospitalization. There also were no differences in drop outs among the four groups at study completion.

Both formulas D and DA provide adequate growth when compared to formula C (See table 3, figure 1, and Appendix 1). Weight gain during hospitalization was no less on D or DA than on C, 33.3, 34.7, and 30.7 g/day, respectively. Furthermore, no less weight was achieved on D or DA than on C at 40, 48, and 57 weeks post-conceptual age (See table 4, figure 2, and Appendix 1); statistical power was greater than 0.89 to detect a clinically relevant decrease.

Post-hoc analysis reveals that infants on DA grew faster than infants receiving C and D (See table 5 and figure 1). This enhanced growth provided faster "premature infant catch-up" compared to C and D. Weight achieved by the DA group (3198 g) was higher than C (3075 g) and D (3051 g) at 40 weeks post-conceptual age but had not fully caught up to the term birth weight (3438 g) of group H (See table 4 and figure 2). This catch up trend continued through 48 to 57 weeks by which time the mean weight of group DA did not differ from group H while groups C and D remained significantly lower.

Length was not different among the formula groups either during hospitalization or the follow-up period, although the ordered sequence of mean lengths was the same as for the weights (See table 7 and figure 3). This is likely at least partially due to length being a less sensitive parameter of growth than weight. For the same reason, the mean lengths of group H infants were higher than that of all the premature infant groups at 40, 48 and 57 weeks post-conceptual age indicating slower catch up in this parameter.

Head circumference is the least sensitive parameter of growth and was not different among any of the four groups at any time measured except at 40 weeks postconceptual age (See table 8 and figure 4). At this time, as expected, the birth head circumference of group H was smaller than the formula fed premature infants possibly due to molding of labor and to insufficient time for adjustment to the extrauterine environment.

Visual acuity has reportedly been enhanced in studies where DHA supplemented formulas were fed to premature infants both in the hospital and continuing after discharge. In this study, visual acuity was measured about 3 months and then about 5 months after stopping study formula to determine whether a residual beneficial effect of at least half an octave might be observed. Although no difference in visual acuity was found among the formula groups at these times (See table 8 and figure 5), the acuity card method used, the length of study formula feeding, and/or the length of time not on study formula at the time of measurement may have precluded its detection. However, at 57 weeks post-conceptual age, the breast fed term infant group did have statistically higher visual acuity scores than the test formula groups. But even these differences were at most only 0.33 octave and were clinically insignificant (See figure 6). It is important to note that the breast fed infants continued to receive DHA and ARA during the 3-5 month follow-up period while the formula fed groups did not. Thus, this minor difference in performance was not unexpected based on previous study findings and on developmental differences between term and preterm infants even at the same gestational age.

Individual fatty acid levels were determined in the phosphatidylcholine and phosphatidylethanolamine fractions of red blood cells before formula feeding, at the conclusion of test formula feeding, and at 48 weeks post-conceptual age (See tables 9 and 10). The premature infant groups were comparable at the beginning of test formula feeding. At the conclusion of test

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formula feeding, individual fatty acid levels varied among the groups. DHA and ARA were statistically significantly higher in the respectively supplemented groups. Other fatty acid levels reflected the impact of the supplementation. No clinically significant alterations in fatty acid levels or metabolism were identified. After discontinuing study formula and consuming a diet without DHA or ARA for about 3 months, no differences in fatty acid levels among formula fed groups were detectable, except for phosphatidylethanolmine levels of 18:2 (range 8.9-9.3%) and DHA (range 3.2-4.1%) which differences were not identified as being clinically significant. However, the breast fed group shows statistically significant differences in 13 fatty acid levels compared to the formula fed infants. These differences are undoubtedly due to the differences in fatty acid composition of human milk and the term formulas including the lack of DHA and ARA in the latter.

Preterm infant complications were similar in all groups (See table 11). Over 80% of all infants were ophthamologically examined and over 90% had ultrasound evaluation of their heads. Specifically, the incidence and severity of retinopathy of prematurity (ROP or retrolental fibroplasia/RLF) and the incidence of intraventricular hemorrhage or its complications did not differ among formula groups. No feeding group related complications were identified.

Serious adverse experiences did not differ (p=0.93) among the formula groups and were in the range of those expected in a premature infant population while on study formula: 6% in group C, 5% in group D, and 6% in group DA (See table 12). After the experimental formula phase, serious adverse experiences still did not differ among the preterm groups (See table 13): 13% in group C, 15% in group D, and 15% in group DA. However, the term infant breast fed group had significantly fewer serious adverse experiences (1%, p=0.002) as expected. Two infants reportedly suffered sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS), one in group C and one in group D; there was no significant difference in this complication among all four groups.

Conclusions: We conclude that feeding 0.13% of calories as DHA from micro algal oil and feeding 0.13% of calories as DHA from micro algal oil plus 0.26% of calories as ARA from fungal oil in the matrix of premature infant formula to premature infants during the period of their initial hospitalization prior to 40 weeks post conceptual age is safe. These micro algal and fungal oil supplements do not result in any adverse effect on growth, clinical complications, or untoward events. Furthermore, this study reveals that growth benefits accrue to premature infants fed Enfamil Premature Formula supplemented with DHA and ARA from these sources compared to unsupplemented formula or formula supplemented with only DHA. No measurable benefit on visual acuity was identified when infants were tested at about 3 and 5 months after the supplemented formula was discontinued (2 and 4 months corrected age). However, providing human milk levels of intake of long chain polyunsaturated acids are warranted because they are critical to brain development and foster enhanced catch-up growth during this early development period.

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Table 1
Birth Statistics of Premature Subjects

	n	Mean (std)	Range	p-value
Post-Conceptual Age (Weeks) Control DHA DHA+ARA	62 66 66	29.5 (1.7) 30.0 (1.4) 29.7 (1.7)	25 - 33 26 - 32 26 - 34	0.076
Birth Weight (g) Control DHA DHA+ARA	62 66 66	1233.1 (176.6) 1272.8 (168.1) 1278.9 (177.6)	846 - 1560 900 - 1545 910 - 1535	0.25
Birth Length (cm) Control DHA DHA+ARA	60 66 66	38.4 (2.3) 38.6 (2.2) 38.7 (2.3)	34 - 43.75 33 - 43.5 33 - 44	0.62
Birth Head Circumference (cm) Control DHA DHA+ARA	61 64 65	26.9 (1.5) 27.3 (2.1) 27.2 (1.6)	23.5 - 30.5 22 - 37 23.5 - 30	0.53

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Table 2 Summary of Final Study Status

	Regimen				p-value
	Control	DHA	DHA+ARA	HM	
Immediate dropout, study formula never consumed		2	2		
Study Formula Phase *  Completed Discontinued	52 (84%) 10 (16%)	59 (89%) 7 (11%)	62 (94%) 4 (6%)		0.20
Reason discontinued					
>96 cumulative hours NPO <28 days of intake >= 90 kcal/kg/day Complications unrelated to study	3 3	1 3			
formula NEC or other GI disease	l	1	1		
Formula intolerance Parents request Not off oxygen prior to discharge	2	2	1		
Protocol violation	l				
Term Formula Phase **					
Completed	45 (87%)	47 (80%)	53 (85%)	77 (86%) 13 (14%)	0.74
Discontinued	7 (13%)	12 (20%)	9 (15%)	15 (1470)	

<sup>\*</sup>The CRFs for 9709-003 (DHA) and 9743-304 (DHA) were marked discontinued because the subjects met the study formula intake criteria for only 27 days. These subjects are counted completed here because subjects at other sites with similar intakes were marked completed.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Based on subjects who completed the Study Formula phase. During the Term Formula phase, subjects were fed marketed formula.

Switching to a different marketed formula did not result in termination from the Term Formula phase.

Table 3

	. Gender-by-Regimen p-value	0.87
	Gender p-value	0.17
hase	Study p-value	0.00
tudy formula Pi	Comparison p-value*	0.967 0.998
Weight Growth Rate During Study Formula Phase	Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA
¥e i gh t	Standard Error	<u> </u>
	Least Square Mean	30.7 33.3 34.7
	c	955
		Control DHA DHA+ARA

\* One-sided test of the null hypothesis: Test Hean >= Control Hean

Table 4 Weight at 40, 48, and 57 Weeks Post-Conceptual Age

Gender-by-Regimen p-value	J. 00	0.29	0.33
Gender p-value	0.45	0.13	0.29
Study p-value	0.59	0.58	0.58
Comparison p-value*	0.388 0.931 0.000 0.001 0.000	0.360 0.995 0.000 0.114 0.000	0.371 0.940 0.005 0.278 0.014
Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA HM vs Control	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA HM vs Control	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HN vs DHA+ARA HN vs DHA+ARA
Standard Error	67.9 66.8 62.9 60.6	94.6 97.3 93.0 85.9	139.5 137.6 127.9 126.7
Least Square Mean	3075.3 3051.4 3198.2 3437.7	4711.0 4663.8 5039.1 5181.5	6045.4 5987.2 6312.9 6405.0
c	25 25 26 26 26 27	53 57 81	47 49 76 76
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA MM
Weeks Post-Conceptual Age	07	<b>4</b> 8	57

\* One-sided test of the null hypothesis: Test Mean >= Control Mean

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Table 5
Post-hoc Analysis of Weight

Time	Comparison	Two-sided p-value
Weight Gain During Study Formula Phase	C vs. DHA C vs. DHA+ARA DHA vs. DHA+ARA	0.067 0.004 0.30
Weight at 40 Weeks pca	C vs. DHA C vs. DHA+ARA DHA vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. DHA HM vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. C	0.78 0.14 0.074 <0.001 0.002 <0.001
Weight at 48 Weeks pca	C vs. DHA C vs. DHA+ARA DHA vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. DHA HM vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. C	0.72 0.011 0.004 <0.001 0.23 <0.001
Weight at 57 Weeks pca	C vs. DHA C vs. DHA+ARA DHA vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. DHA HM vs. DHA+ARA HM vs. C	0.74 0.12 0.057 0.010 0.56 0.028

Table 6

	Gender-by-Regimen p-value	0.63	0.52	0.84
	Gender p-value	0.88	0.14	0.05
	Study p-value	0.03	0.00	0.00
Age	Pairwise p-value	0.242 0.233 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.824 0.079 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.615 0.236 0.000 0.006 0.000
Length at 40, 48, and 57 Weeks Post-Conceptual Age	Palruise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA IIM vs DHA IIM vs DIIA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DIIA+ARA
48, and 57	Regimen p-value	0.000	0.000	0.000
ngth at 40,	Standard Error	7.0 7.0 7.0	0.00 6.00 8.00 8.00	0.4 0.4 0.3 0.3
l.e	Least Square Mean	48.4 47.8 49.0 50.6	54.7 54.6 55.5 57.4	60.7 60.5 61.3 62.4
	_	52 54 58 89	53 52 57 81	47 49 76 76
	oed inea	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DIIA DIIA+ARA IIM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	Weeks Post-Conceptual	∌ 0 7 ∀		52

Table 7 Head Circumference at 40, 48, and 57 Heeks Post-Conceptual Age

Gender-by-Regimen p-value 0.38	1.00	0.85
Gender p-value 0.00	00.00	0.00
Study p-value 0.91	0.81	0.64
Pairwise p-value 0.931 0.900 0.000 0.000 0.829		
Pairvise Comparison Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HN vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM		
Regimen p·value 0.000	0.983	0.689
Standard Error 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.2
Least Square Hean 35.4 35.4 35.5 34.5	39.1 39.0 39.0	41.9 41.6 41.7 41.7
n 53 58 58	52 54 56	47 49 76
Regimen Control DNA DNA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA IM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HH
Weeks Post-Conceptual Age 40	48	25

lable o Visual Acuity at 48 and 57 Weeks Post-Conceptual Age

Study p-value 0.000	0.000
Pairwise p-value	0.697 0.071 0.042 0.000 0.113
Pairuise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM
Regimen p-value 0.950	0.004
Standard Error (octaves) 0.10 0.09 0.09	0.08 0.08 0.07 0.07
Least \$quare  Mean (log base2 cycles/deg) 0.78 0.85 0.81	1.79 1.75 1.61 1.94
Geometric mean (cycles/deg) 1.72 1.80 1.72 1.75	3.47 3.37 3.06 3.85
n 551 50 81	46 47 77
Regimen Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
Useks Post-Conceptual Age 48 C	25

Table 9

Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine fatty Acids

Pairwise p-value									0.196 0.010 0.176
Pairwise Comparison									Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
Regimen p-value	0.762	0.559	0.165	0.884	0.441	0.243	0.679	0.830	0.034
Median	0.036 0.030 0.031	0.599 0.686 0.656	0.021 0.016 0.018	36.594 35.578 35.987	0.845 0.976 0.931	11.468 11.201 11.174	17.308 16.935 16.988	18.952 19.603 18.824	0.116 0.130 0.134
Standard Error	0.019 0.013 0.009	0.036 0.031 0.031	0.009 0.005 0.006	0.540 0.462 0.445	0.049	0.243 0.238 0.192	0.298 0.391 0.271	0.525 0.505 0.466	0.008 0.008 0.009
Arithmetic Mean	0.081 0.066 0.057	0.623 0.663 0.661	0.045 0.026 0.035	36.706 36.363 36.877	0.940 0.981 1.094	11.660 11.402 11.016	17.053 17.219 17.256	18.614 18.631 18.573	0.120 0.136 0.150
ح	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
Fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0	16:1	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3n6
ĭ ime	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation

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Table 9

	Pairwise p-value									
	Pairwise Comparison			,						
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Regimen p-value	0.647	0.234	0.723	0.290	0.673	0.507	0.819	0.155	0.911
	Median	0.224 0.236 0.188	0.246 0.246 0.216	0.262 0.281 0.269	0.000 0.017 0.008	0.632 0.640 0.614	2.296 2.296 2.135	8.124 7.876 8.207	0.105 0.130 0.139	0.298 0.302 0.329
	Standard Error	0.050 0.035 0.037	0.033 0.014 0.010	0.020 0.015 0.011	0.003 0.004 0.003	0.025 0.025 0.021	0.098 0.080 0.074	0.262 0.347 0.310	0.010 0.010 0.010	0.057 0.015 0.015
	Arithmetic Mean	0.399 0.337 0.310	0.315 0.257 0.233	0.287 0.287 0.268	0.017 0.025 0.017	0.632 0.628 0.602	2.144 2.208 2.218	7.657 8.164 8.090	0.106 0.127 0.126	0.351 0.322 0.321
	c	52 58 61								
Red	Regimen	Control DKA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA							
	Fatty Acid	20:0	18:303	20:1	18:4	20:2n6	20:3n6	20:4n6	22:1	20:5n3
	Time	Study Form Initiation								

Table 9

	Pairwise p-value						
	Pairwise Comparison					,	
	Regimen p-value	0.331	0.665	0.923	0.199	0.885	0.858
fatty Acids	Median	0.423 0.481 0.425	0.075 0.084 0.096	0.232 0.239 0.256	0.000	0.203 0.195 0.193	1.000 1.034 0.970
idytchol ine	Standard Error	0.144 0.030 0.021	0.054 0.019 0.056	0.020 0.017 0.018	0.000	0.019 0.013 0.010	0.051 0.053 0.050
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.578 0.493 0.443	0.208 0.115 0.180	0.266 0.259 0.265	0.000 0.001 0.002	0.213 0.215 0.203	0.984 1.075 1.006
Blood	c	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61	52 58 61
Red	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DNA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	fatty Acid	22:4n6	24:1	22:5n6	22:4n3	22:5n3	22:6n3
	T ime	Study Form Initiation					

Table 9

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	Pairwise p-value					0.118 0.003 0.152			0.600 0.005 0.001	
	Pairwise Comparison					Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA			Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA	
	Regimen p-value	0.843	0.834	0.155	0.767	0.013	0.886	0.686	0.001	0.527
atty Acids	Median	0.035 0.031 0.032	0.806 0.783 0.758	0.033 0.015 0.018	34.798 34.841 33.890	0.526 0.475 0.472	14.197 13.867 14.108	14.291 13.998 14.218	21.506 22.517 20.662	0.074 0.076 0.066
dylcholine f	Standard Error	0.026 0.042 0.012	0.039 0.035 0.036	0.008 0.009 0.007	0.512 0.595 0.584	0.026 0.042 0.029	0.261 0.237 0.253	0.277 0.272 0.380	0.340	0.006
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.100 0.111 0.064	0.808 0.781 0.755	0.047 0.036 0.036	35.837 35.560 35.069	0.566 0.594 0.526	13.972 14.065 14.341	14.456 14.116 14.344	21.673 22.045 19.899	0.080 0.088 0.087
Blood C	c	53 59 59	55 59 59	53 56 59	53 59 59	55 56 59	53 56 59	56 53	53 56 59	55
Red	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	Fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0	16:1	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3n6
	Time	Study form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination

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Table 9

Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids

Pairwise p-value		0.503 0.068 0.011					0.000 0.000 0.000		0.004 0.108 0.000
Pairwise Comparison		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA					Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
Regimen p-value	0.424	0.031	0.149	0.672	0.051	0.208	0.000	0.946	0.000
Median	0.392 0.281 0.251	0.283 0.285 0.256	0.302 0.283 0.283	0.015 0.018 0.008	0.910 0.873 0.821	2.091 2.043 1.904	6.029 5.892 8.891	0.125 0.114 0.104	0.189 0.233 0.169
Standard Error	0.050	0.020 0.030 0.009	0.014 0.013 0.013	0.004 0.003 0.002	0.026 0.023 0.022	0.073 0.070 0.064	0.240 0.220 0.255	0.010 0.009 0.011	0.022 0.012 0.014
Arithmetic Mean	0.504 0.472 0.430	0.321 0.335 0.273	0.318 0.300 0.307	0.022 0.022 0.014	0.893 0.880 0.824	2.032 2.017 1.908	6.046 5.774 8.465	0.117 0.110 0.115	0.214 0.246 0.186
۵	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DKA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DNA DHA+ARA	Cantrol DNA DNA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
Fatty	20:0	18:3n3	20:1	18:4	20:2n6	20:3n6	20:4ná	22:1	20:5n3
Time	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination

Table 9

	Pairwise p-value	^	:	0.005 0.895 0.006		:	0.000 0.000 0.141
	Pairwise Comparison			Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA			Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
	Regimen p-value	0.093	0.303	0.006	0.359	0.221	0.000
Fatty Acids	* Median	0.390 0.426 0.487	0.062 0.086 0.089	0.163 0.133 0.165	0.000	0.289 0.260 0.255	0.812 1.352 1.259
dylcholine	Standard Error	0.048 0.061 0.027	0.039 0.036 0.040	0.013 0.011 0.009	0.001	0.019 0.026 0.013	0.072 0.063 0.049
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.484 0.489 0.496	0.127 0.143 0.177	0.181 0.145 0.172	0.001 0.001 0.003	0.306 0.293 0.265	0.895 1.380 1.244
Blood	ح	50 50 X	55 53	56 53	53 56 59	53 56 59	53 56 59
Red	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	Fatty Acid	22:4n6	24:1	22:5n6	22:403	22:5n3	22:6n3
	Tine	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination

Table 9

		pairwise p-value				0.527 0.593 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.524 0.467 0.000 0.006 0.006 0.183
		Pairwise Comparison				Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA IHN vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA
	Acids	Regimen p-value	0.729	0.943	0.448	. 0000 0	0.000
	ine fatty /	Median	0.026 0.016 0.021 0.020	0.331 0.324 0.328 0.335	0.013 0.011 0.015 0.020	34.319 34.473 34.165 32.228	0.338 0.352 0.368 0.473
ממופ א	Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Standard Error	0.005 0.006 0.004 0.016	0.039 0.032 0.024 0.026	0.006 0.007 0.006 0.003	0.577 0.689 0.506 0.506	0.043 0.023 0.024 0.020
	ood Cell Phos	Arithmetic Mean	0.032 0.028 0.026 0.059	0.402 0.353 0.353 0.381	0.025 0.026 0.026 0.024	34.627 35.272 34.802 33.037	0.435 0.380 0.395 0.507
	Red Bl	c	37 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 56	32 32 36 56	37 32 38 56
		Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
		Fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0	16:1
		Time	48 Veeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids

Pairwise p-value	0.760 0.889 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.661		0.840 0.527 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.950 0.774 0.004 0.001 0.003	
Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA+ARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA*ARA Control vs DHA*ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA*ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA*ARA	
Regimen p∙value	0.00	0.256	0.000	0.002	0.785
Median	12.759 12.786 12.793 14.729	18.636 18.492 18.227 18.727	23.552 23.717 23.839 18.482	0.061 0.067 0.062 0.039	0.197 0.206 0.172 0.215
Standard Error	0.313 0.249 0.235 0.287	0.453 0.429 0.289 0.305	0.518 0.516 · 0.422 0.344	0.008 0.005 0.006	0.075 0.061 0.061 0.064
Arithmetic Mean	13.016 12.944 12.804 14.583	17.894 17.766 17.850 18.662	23.469 23.538 23.738 18.650	0.071 0.069 0.069 0.042	0.348 0.339 0.304 0.409
c	33 38 28 28	32 38 56	37 38 56	32 38 38 56	37 32 38 56
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
Fatty	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3n6	20:0
T.	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

Table 9

	Pairwise p-value	0.812 0.918 0.001 0.002 0.001	0.579 0.588 0.001 0.001 0.000	0.822 0.161 0.039 0.001 0.054 0.262		0.610 0.735 0.000 0.000
	Pairwise Pa Comparison p	Control vs DIAARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM
cids	Regimen p-value	0.001	0.000	0.010	0.629	0.000
ine Fatty A	Median	0.182 0.182 0.190 0.120	0.420 0.435 0.375 0.309	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.015	0.537 0.543 0.550 0.531	1.741 1.684 1.717 2.166
ohat i dyl chol	Standard Error	0.019 0.015 0.010 0.022	0.019 0.025 0.016 0.014	0.005 0.004 0.002 0.004	0.023 0.032 0.053 0.014	0.086 0.073 0.090 0.086
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.222 0.211 0.203 0.182	0.418 0.406 0.382 0.311	0.018 0.016 0.007 0.024	0.543 0.557 0.636 0.560	1.709 1.702 1.844 2.265
Red 810	<u> </u>	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 38 56	37 32 38 56
	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	Fatty Acid	18:3n3	20:1	18:4	20:2n6	20:3n6
	T ime	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

Table 9

	Pairwise p-value	0.508 0.805 0.000 0.000 0.672		0.633 0.086 0.000 0.000 0.000	٠	0.337 0.247 0.000 0.000 0.000
	Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA
Acids	Regimen p-value	0.000	0.664	0.000	0.244	0.000
line Fatty	Median	4.736 4.499 4.746 7.666	0.131 0.118 0.105 0.104	0.077 0.083 0.078 0.123	0.373 0.417 0.384 0.377	0.112 0.116 0.108 0.079
sphatidylcho	Standard Error	0.255 0.196 0.185 0.250	0.036 0.014 0.024 0.030	0.015 0.006 0.009 0.009	0.059 0.029 0.054 0.022	0.070 0.062 0.055 0.020
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	4.738 4.475 4.550 7.408	0.166 0.116 0.131 0.160	0.102 0.084 0.099 0.138	0.426 0.382 0.440 0.40	0.247 0.210 0.179 0.115
Red Bl	c	37 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 56	37 32 38 56
	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	Fatty Acid	20:4n6	22:1	20:5n3	22:4n6	24:1
	Time	48 Heeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

		Pairwise p-value	0.505 0.647 0.000 0.001 0.270		0.598 0.759 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.111 0.052 0.000 0.000 0.000
		Pairнise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA+ARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA
	Acids	Regimen p-value	0.000	1.000	0,000	0.000
	ine fatty /	Median	0.212 0.186 0.198 0.265	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.260 0.251 0.256 0.314	0.569 0.676 0.663 1.333
Table 9	sphatidylchol	Standard Error	0.016 0.012 0.022 0.016	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.029 0.017 0.026 0.018	0.047 0.048 0.043 0.081
	Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylcholine fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.210 0.189 0.231 0.264	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.286 0.253 0.268 0.339	0.595 0.685 0.662 1.475
	Red Bl	c	37 32 38 56	37 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56
		Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
		Fatty	22:5n6	22:4n3	22:5n3	22:6n3
		ë E	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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	Pairwise p-value									0.373 0.013 0.101
	Pairwise Comparison									Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
spi	Regimen p-value	0.546	0.792	0.181	0.967	0.337	0.142	0.412	0.773	0.040
le fatty Aci	Median	0.022 0.033 0.039	0.220 0.206 0.246	0.032 0.028 0.050	17.945 19.295 19.035	0.698 0.746 0.837	8.469 8.308 7.904	16.698 16.308 16.001	6.682 6.346 5.682	0.145 0.152 0.169
lethanolamir	Standard Error	0.015 0.013 0.010	0.038 0.025 0.021	0.015 0.012 0.009	0.736 0.622 0.451	0.035 0.034 0.035	0.329 0.227 0.215	0.301 0.326 0.375	0.253 0.280 0.294	0.018 0.019 0.016
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids	Arîthmetic Mean	0.069 0.075 0.063	0.307 0.278 0.277	0.080 0.061 0.062	20.021 19.847 19.796	0.731 0.769 0.836	8.857 8.434 8.201	16.450 16.208 16.415	6.615 6.336 6.175	0.165 0.190 0.192
ood Cel	c	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61
Red Bl	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DNA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	Fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0	16:1	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:306
	T i me	Study form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation	Study Form Initiation

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Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids

Time	Fatty	Regimen	د	Arithmetic Mean	Standard Error	Median	Regimen p-value	Pairwise Comparison	Pairwise p-value
Study Form Initiation	20:0	Control DNA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.372 0.314 0.259	0.043 0.030 0.024	0.291 0.244 0.186	0.151		
Study Form Initiation	18:3n3	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.305 0.269 0.257	0.023 0.018 0.016	0.261 0.249 0.225	0.641		
Study Form Initiation	20:1	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.573 0.615 0.571	0.036 0.034 0.027	0.517 0.555 0.544	0.395		
Study Form Initiation	18:4	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.025 0.031 0.030	0.005 0.004 0.007	0.000 0.025 0.021	0.371		
Study form Initiation	20:2n6	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.479	0.023 0.024 0.028	0.480 0.437 0.427	0.706	·	
Study form Initiation	20:3n6	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	1.843 1.965 1.973	0.072 0.077 0.064	1.829 1.820 1.911	0.099		
Study Form Initiation	20:4n6	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	25.817 26.475 26.747	0.618 0.611 0.645	26.820 27.376 27.708	0.353		
Study Form Initiation	22:1	Control DKA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.150 0.167 0.168	0.017 0.015 0.017	0.138 0.151 0.141	0.572		
Study Form Initiation	20:5n3	Control DHA DHA+ARA	52 57 61	0.378 0.384 0.366	0.024 0.024 0.022	0.357 0.370 0.335	0.997		

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	Pairwise p-value		•				
	Pairwise Comparison						
las	Regimen p-value	0.875	0.068	0.555	0.257	0.195	0.375
ne fatty Ac	Median	7.402 7.638 7.270	0.041 0.031 0.047	1.782 1.857 1.775	0.000	1.308 0.988 1.041	6.381 6.468 6.579
ylethanolami	Standard Error	0.182 0.186 0.167	0.028 0.009 0.010	0.083 0.070 0.075	0.001	0.109	0.200 0.185 0.220
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	7.290 7.431 7.456	0.100 0.059 0.072	1.757 1.809 1.851	0.001 0.001 0.005	1.496 1.375 1.380	6.119 6.444 6.407
lood Cel	c	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61	52 57 61
Red B	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DNA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	Fatty Acid	22:4n6	24:1	22:5n6	22:4n3	22:5n <b>3</b>	22:6n3
	T ime	Study Form Initiation					

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Table 1	
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	Pairwise p-value		1				0.130 0.006 0.219		0.908 0.000 0.000	
	Pairwise Comparison						Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA	
cids	Regimen p-value	0.630	0.782	0.592	0.560	0.604	0.024	0.333	0.000	0.160
ne fatty A	Median	0.033 0.036 0.035	0.279 0.265 0.256	0.041 0.000 0.043	17.617 17.556 17.568	0.476 0.509 0.555	9.406 8.818 8.697	14.695 14.927 14.499	9.359 9.188 7.586	0.163 0.157 0.161
lethanolami	<b>Standard</b> <b>Error</b>	0.018 0.019 0.012	0.031 0.039 0.030	0.020 0.013 0.011	0.673 0.614 0.467	0.034 0.045 0.049	0.266 0.208 0.242	0.437 0.299 0.330	0.192 0.207 0.141	0.012 0.017 0.018
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.093 0.093 0.067	0.360 0.380 0.348	0.086 0.066 0.066	19.326 19.062 18.357	0.511 0.579 0.618	9.614 9.173 8.961	14.763 15.177 14.814	9.405 9.180 7.756	0.169 0.187 0.198
lood Ce	c	58 58	53 55 58	53 55 58	53 55 58	53 55 58	53 58 58	53 58 58	53 55 58	53 58 58
Red B	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control BHA DHA+ARA	Control DKA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Cantrol DHA DHA+ARA	Control DKA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0	16:1	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3n6
	Time	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination

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	Pairwise p·value							0.119 0.000 0.000		0.286 0.000 0.000
	Pairwise Comparison							Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
cids	Regimen p-value	0.146	0.134	0.164	0.108	0.068	0.203	0.000	0.229	0.000
ne fatty Ad	Median	0.278 0.208 0.208	0.364 0.354 0.305	0.526 0.537 0.483	0.018 0.019 0.000	0.765 0.750 0.663	2.073 2.206 1.992	25.132 24.038 27.372	0.122 0.169 0.130	0.493 0.575 0.415
/tethanolami	Standard Error	0.044 0.037 0.029	0.017 0.016 0.015	0.029 0.028 0.025	0.010 0.005 0.004	0.029 0.030 0.026	0.111 0.094 0.073	0.527 0.520 0.437	0.019 0.016 0.012	0.020 0.025 0.015
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.404 0.336 0.288	0.382 0.368 0.329	0.553 0.579 0.507	0.042 0.026 0.022	0.754 0.774 0.654	2.253 2.295 2.066	24.279 23.464 26.760	0.149 0.176 0.146	0.519 0.563 0.411
tood Ce	g	53 58 58	55 58	53 58	55 58 58	58 53	53 58	53 58	53 55 58	53 58
Red B	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA						
	Fatty Acid	20:0	18:3n3	20:1	18:4	20:2n6	20:3n6	20:4n6	22:1	20:5n3
	Time	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination						

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	Pairwise p∙value	0.025 0.461 0.002		0.003 0.255 0.050		0.004 0.002 0.943	0.000 0.000 0.027
	Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA DHA vs DHA+ARA
spi	Regimen p-value	0.007	0.294	0.010	0.137	0.003	0.000
ne fatty Ac	Median	7.656 6.885 7.635	0.038 0.042 0.041	1.423	0.000	2.839 2.400 2.269	4.815 7.043 6.498
dethanolami	Standard Error	0.208 0.154 0.155	0.023 0.009 0.008	0.064 0.034 0.040	0.000 0.002 0.002	0.110 0.091 0.069	0.151 0.183 0.150
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	7.309 7.135 7.592	0.092 0.056 0.062	1.231	0.000	2.694 2.334 2.237	4.798 6.762 6.389
ood Ce	c	55 58 58	58 53	55 58 58	53 58	53 58 58	53 58 58
Red B	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Cantrol DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA	Control DHA DHA+ARA
	Fatty	22:4n6	24:1	22:5n6	22:4n3	22:5n3	22:6n3
	Time	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination	Study Form Termination

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Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine fatty Acids

Regimen Pairwise Pairwise p-value Comparison p-value	0.587	0.598	0.092	0.177
Re Median p	0.024 0.019 0.018 0.023	0.169 0.162 0.188 0.210	0.037 0.000 0.044 0.021	16.314 15.692 16.997 17.607
Standard Error	0.019 0.016 0.014 0.011	0.030 0.041 0.025 0.016	0.017 0.017 0.019 0.011	0.595 0.729 0.538 0.395
Arithmetic Mean	0.053 0.054 0.047 0.045	0.243 0.251 0.235 0.230	0.080 0.055 0.078 0.053	17.319 17.101 17.225 18.138
c	37 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 56	37 32 38 56
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA ·	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
Fatty Acid	12:0	14:0	14:1	16:0
T ine	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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	Pairwise p-value	0.347 0.483 0.020 0.000 0.001	0.401 0.234 0.067 0.118 0.005 0.758	0.024 0.187 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.318	0.879 0.590 0.029 0.061 0.014 0.714	
	Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA IM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	
ry Acids	Regimen p-value	0.000	0.038	0.000	0.050	0.728
lamine fati	Median	7.174 7.552 7.173 8.409	19.410 19.534 19.433 18.141	9.267 8.696 8.840 6.027	0.182 0.171 0.158 0.112	0.146 0.145 0.125 0.240
at i dylethano	Standard Error	0.327 0.293 0.270 0.230	0.368 0.421 0.332 0.278	0.261 0.210 0.216 0.193	0.020 0.031 0.021 0.012	0.058 0.042 0.037 0.031
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	7.935 7.962 7.443 8.754	19.438 19.066 19.302 18.469	9.328 8.867 9.257 6.291	0.198 0.219 0.188 0.129	0.263 0.262 0.212 0.295
ed Blood	_	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 32 38 56
~	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HN	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	Fatty	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3n6	20:0
	ew.	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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Table 10

	Pairwise p-value	0.559 0.848 0.008 0.002 0.689	0.339 0.512 0.000 0.000 0.000		0.543 0.532 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.896 0.935 0.015 0.006 0.007
	Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DIA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA+ARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HN vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA
ty Acids	Regimen p-value	0.001	0.000	0.057	0.000	0.012
olamine Fat	Median	0.225 0.262 0.245 0.169	0.648 0.782 0.738 0.492	0.003 0.000 0.000 0.019	0.698 0.684 0.689 0.412	1.999 2.045 2.132 1.637
atidylethan	Standard Error	0.025 0.017 0.015 0.020	0.031 0.032 0.188 0.024	0.005 0.005 0.006 0.004	0.035 0.026 0.032 0.016	0.099 0.100 0.114 0.053
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	0.291 0.270 0.265 0.226	0.715 0.772 0.936 0.533	0.017 0.017 0.023 0.027	0.672 0.668 0.715 0.444	2.138 2.165 2.172 1.715
500 18 pa	c	32 38 56	337 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56
œ	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	fatty Acid	18:3n3	20:1	18:4	20:2n6	20:3n6
	T î me	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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	Pairwise p-value				0.612 0.416 0.000 0.013 0.001	
	Pairwise Comparison				Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	
ty Acius	Regimen p-value	0.950	0.121	0.497	0.001	0.943
olamine fat	Median	24.774 25.206 25.122 25.189	0.172 0.188 0.133 0.134	0.368 0.377 0.347 0.360	8.761 9.132 8.472 7.618	0.035 0.034 0.036 0.027
natidylethan	Standard Error	0.536 0.491 0.429 0.384	0.016 0.022 0.022 0.013	0.026 0.015 0.011 0.011	0.267 0.250 0.188 0.203	0.016 0.009 0.008 0.016
Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine fatty Acids	Arithmetic Mean	24.508 24.428 24.788 24.625	0.168 0.189 0.154 0.148	0.382 0.369 0.347 0.384	8.580 8.791 8.576 7.727	0.067 0.049 0.046 0.062
ed Btoo	c	37 32 38 56	32 38 56	37 32 38 56	37 38 38 56	37 32 38 56
-	Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
	fatty Acid	20:4n6	22:1	20:5n3	22:4n6	24:1
	Time	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

Table 10

Red Blood Cell Phosphatidylethanolamine Fatty Acids

Pairwise p-value	0.977 0.997 0.000 0.000 0.000		0.884 0.148 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Pairwise Comparison	Control vs DHA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA		Control vs DHA+ARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA	Control vs DHA+ARA Control vs DHA+ARA HM vs DHA+ARA Control vs HM DHA vs DHA+ARA
Regimen p-value	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.000
Median	1.411 1.414 1.359 1.889	0.000	2.681 2.630 2.443 1.978	3.013 4.079 3.721 7.341
Standard Error	0.066 0.057 0.054 0.056	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.001	0.092 0.086 0.066 0.065	0.159 0.177 0.134 0.201
Arithmetic Mean	1.401 1.353 1.364 1.883	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.001	2.567 2.561 2.436 1.942	3, 196 4, 143 3,801 7,283
c	32 38 38 56	332 34 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	37 32 38 56	37 32 38 56
Regimen	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM	Control DHA DHA+ARA HM
Fatty	22:5n6	22:4n3	22:5n3	22:6n3
T in	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA	48 Weeks PCA

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Table 11 Preterm Infant Complications

		Regimen		p-value*
	Control	DHA	DHA+ARA	
Retinopathy of Prematurity Test Results Absent I II Present, but not graded	34 (76%) 8 (18%) 2 (4%) 1 (2%)	44 (76%) 11 (19%) 2 (3%) 1 (2%)	41 (79%) 6 (12%) 4 (8%) 1 (2%)	0.91
Ultrasound Examination for Intraventricular Hemorrhage None Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Stage 4 Questionable	47 (81%) 6 (10%) 3 (5%) 1 (2%) 1 (2%)	52 (84%) 9 (15%) 1 (2%)	49 (80%) 7 (11%) 2 (3%) 1 (2%) 2 (3%)	0.78
Posthemorrhagic Hydrocephalus developed? No Yes	61 (98%) 1 (2%)	65 (98%) 1 (2%)	64 (97%) 2 (3%)	1.00

<sup>\*</sup>The statistical test was based on a dichotomous response: present or absent.

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Table 12
Serious Adverse Events Reported During Study Formula Phase

		Regimen		
Event	Control	DHA	DHA+ARA	p-value
Any Event	4 (6%)	3 (5%)	4 (6%)	0.93
Other Respiratory Conditions of Fetus and Newborn	2 (3%)	0	0	0.10
Other Infection Specific to the Perinatal Period	1 (2%)	0	0	0.32
Intraventricular Hemorrhage	0	0	1 (2%)	1.00
Other Specified Perinatal Disorders of Digestive System	0	1 (2%)	0	1.00
Convulsions in Newborn	1 (2%)	0	0	0.32
Feeding Problems in Newborn	0	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	1.00
Hernia	0	0	1 (2%)	1.00
Other	0	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	1.00

Table 13

Serious Adverse Events Reported During the Term Formula Phase

		Reg	imen		
Event	Control	DHA	DHA + ARA	НМ	p-value
Any Event	7 (13%)	9 (15%)	9 (15%)	1 (1%)	0.002 C vs D 0.79 C vs D+A 0.79 D vs D+A 1.00 C vs HM 0.006 D vs HM 0.001 D+A vs HM 0.001
Infectious Colitis, Enteritis, and Gastroenteritis	0	0	1 (2%)	0	0.67
Croup	0	0	1 (2%)	0	0.67
Bronchopneumonia, Organism Unspecified	2 (4%)	3 (5%)	6 (10%)	0	0.013 C vs D 1.00 C vs D+A 0.27 D vs D+A 0.49 C vs HM 0.15 D vs HM 0.064 D+A vs HM 0.004
Asthma, Unspecified	1 (2%)	0	0	0	0.21
Esophageal Reflux	0	1 (2%)	2 (3%)	o	0.23
Dyspepsia and Other Stomach Function Disorder	0	0	0	1 (1%)	1.0
Other Respiratory Conditions of Fetus and Newborn	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	3 (5%)	0	0.11
Convulsions	1 (2%)	0	0	0	0.21
Sudden Infant Death Syndrome	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	0	0	0.34
Hernia	2 (4%)	2 (3%)	0	0	0.11
Other	0	3 (5%)	2 (3%)	0	0.063

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Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

Wgt_57		6816 56.6	6553 57.9	6014	6922	57.3	56.7	57.6	7135 56.9	6110 58.4	7470	0269	50.1	56.9	57.4
Wgt_48		5752 48.3	4993	4936	48.3 5504	48.3	47.6	48.6	5445	4840 48.6	5850	5240	47.7	48.4	3700 48.3
19t_40		3731 40.3	3064	3575	3688	40.3	5745 40.1	41.6	3070 39.9	3590	3620	3170	40.1	39.7	2150
Growth Rate g/day	27.7	36.1	23.9	56.9	£ 27		36.2	31.5	34.1	33.8	41.7	34.2	9 R O		24.4
Wgt9															
Ngt8															10 10
Ngt7															2045
Wgt6							3120			2570	?				1760 37.3
Wgt5	1870		1659	34.7	35.0		2595 35.4	2012 36.3	2318	2340	2955	37.4	35.7	1945	1665
Wgt4	1590	2180	1378	33.7	34.0		2330	1785	2117	2240	34.0 2685	36.4	34.9	1665 34.7	1450 35.4
Wgt3	1360	1940	34.7 1251	32.7	33.0	2752 38.3	2075 33.4	1494	1851	2045	33.0	35.6	1920	1445	1270
Wgt2	1240	1630	33.4 1108	31.7	1261 32.0	1840 35.4	1855 32.6	1298	1566	1775	32.1	34.6	1705 33.0	1230	1205
Vat1	1120	30.3 1450	32.6 958.0	30.7	1185 31.0	1600 34.4	1810 32.1	1181	1412	1480	31.0	33.3	31.7	1140	975.0
40.00	G		, pca)	Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)			Age (weeks pca) Weight (g)	Age (weeks pca)	Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		Age (weeks pear) Weight (g) Age (weeks pea)
;	Subject 9698-0301	9080-0304		7050-6696	9060-6696	8020-6696	9700-0301	9701-0303	9701-0304		2050-2016	9703-0302	9703-0304	9703-0308	9704-0303
	Regimen			Control	Control	Control	Control	Control	Control		Control	Control	Control	Control	Control
	Gender	9 5	A D	Male	Male	Male	Male	<b>X</b>	1 1	⇒ Yee	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

												•	Growth Rate		97	1104 57
Cender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Hgt4	Wgt5	Wgt6	Wgt7	Ngt8	Hgt9	g/day	75 T	07-164	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Male	Control	9704-0305	Weight (g)	1315	1475 32.0	1640 33.0	1860						23.7			
Male	Control	9705-0302	Weight (g)	1280	1389	1588 35.0	1786 36.0	2240 37.4					30.9	2540 39.6	4936	56.4
Mate	Control	9705-0304	Age (weeks pea) Veight (g) Age (weeks pea)	1270	1280 32.3	1570 33.3	1810 34.6						25.3	3291 39.7	5816 47.7	7490
Male	Control	9706-0302	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1645 35.7	1865 36.6	2130 37.7	2435						37.1	40.1	48.7	6170 56.7
Male	Control	9706-0303	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1875	1984	2135 35.6	2185 36.4	2465					22.2	41.0	48.6	56.9
Male	Control	9706-0308	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1655 32.9	1734	2005 34.0	2495 35.4						6.97	3835	5155 48.0	56.3
Маве	Control	9707-0302	Weight (g)	1544	1820	2215	2450 35.4	2460					32.8	2930 40.1	3795 47.7	56.6
Male	Control	9707-0303	Weight (g)	1415	1600	1850 35.1	2195 36.6	2310 37.1					32.7	2530	4235	6530 57.1
Male	Control	9707-0309	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1046 30.9	1442 32.7	1644	1910						30.7	39.9	48.0	0.55
Male	Control	9708-0303	Veight (9) Age (weeks pca)		1960	2205 34.7	2520 35.7						37.4	3680.	48.1	57.0
Male	Control	9709-0302	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1440	1660 32.7	1910	2040 34.3					30.8	3845 39.9	5700 48.0	56.7
Male	Control	9712-0301*		1245	1221 31.7	1245	1291 32.0	1294 32.1	1330 32.3	1369 32.4	1402 32.6	1433	26.1		0022	0802
Male	Control	9712-0302	Weight (9) Age (weeks pca)	1292	1345 34.1	1456	1670 36.1	1835 37.1	1985 38.1				21.0	40.1	47.7	57.3

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

													Growth			
		•		Var1	Vor2	Wat 3	Wat4	Wgt5	Wgt6	Wgt7	Wgt8	Wgt9.	Rate g/day	Ngt_40	Ngt 48	Hgt_57
Gender	Regimen Control	Subject 9743-0301	Variable Weight (g)	1520	1570	1670	1720						10.0	2260 41.0	4535 50.0	
	•	1050 7750	Age (weeks pca)	2065	2465	2760	3085	3085					48.9	3085	4795	6695
Male	Control	1000-05/6	Age (Neeks pca)	37.6	38.9	39.7	40.6	9.05					7	2170	\$206	7036
Mate	DIIA	9698-0302	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1640 35.1	1860 36.1	3170 39.9							47.5	39.9	47.9	57.1
Male	DHA	9020-8696	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1620	1830	2090	2575						28.3	40.0	4334	57.0
Male	DIKA	9699-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1018	1207	1360 33.3	1617 34.3						27.9	39.9	48.0	57.9
Male	DHA	9699-0303	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1258	1435	1631 34.4	1882 35.4	2724 36.4					48.3	2724 40.1	4341	5674
Male	DHA	2050-6696	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1182	1358	1484	1666 37.7				•		22.5	1986 40.0	3206 48.0	57.0
Male	DHA	9700-0303	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1830	1980 34.4	2450	3045						42.4	3585 39.6	5420 47.4	7035 56.7
Male	DHA	9701-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1098 29.6	1234 30.6	1365 31.6	1689 33.4	1902	2019 35.6	2104 36.4	2276 37.4	2288 38.6	20.4	2805	3405	4660 57.0
Male	DIIA	9701-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1621	1829	1880	2253 34.7	2582					34.7	3660	e e	6240
Male	DHA	9703-0303	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1775 33.3	2030 34.1	2285 35.1	2595 36.0	2780 37.1					38.2	3080	3940 48.0	56.9
Male	DitA	9080-8076	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1725 33.4	1870 34.0	2180 35.0							41.7	1120	0177	2600
Male	DHA	9703-0307	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1525 32.7	1725 33.7	2020 34.9	2390 36.0						9.75	40.7	47.9	56.9

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

					,	•	1	314040	rical Ar	alvses						
				Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analysis	f Weight	s Includ	ed in th	e statis	2 1011	1267 201						
													Growth Rate			
				1011	Uat 2	Vat3	Wgt4	Wgt5	Ngt6	Wgt7	Wgt8	Ng t9	g/day	Hgt_40	Mgr_48	Ngt_57
Gender	Gender Regimen	Subject	Variable	- - -			970	214.0					29.3	2880	3900	4300
Male	DHA	9704-0304	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1380 32.1	1570 33.1	1750 34.1	35.0	35.9					7 36	40.3	48.3	76.75
Male	DHA	9080-5026	Weight (9)	1320	1370	1550 32.7	1760 33.7	2020 34.7	2170 35.9				8.63	1	48.0	57.0
Male	DIIA	9705-0303	Weight (g)	1380 33.0	1446 34.0	1616 35.0	1843 36.0	2330					30.8	39.6	47.4	56.4
Male	DHA	9705-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1490	1770 32.1	1980 33.1	2240 34.0						36.6	39.6	5265	0069
Male	DHA	9706-0304	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1490	1655	1915 34.7	2260 36.0						90.00	40.0	48.1	57.3
Male	DHA	9706-0306	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1604	1908 35.4	2160 36.3							5.5	41.4	47.6	56.9
Male	DHA	9707-0001	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1305	1429 32.0									7380	5115	6755
Male	DHA	9707-0304	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1555 32.0	1740	1990 34.0	2400 35.4	2570 36.0					) ()	39.9	48.0	57.6
Male	DHA	9707-0306	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1728	2040	2260 38.1	3050	3050				,	43.6	40.6	48.6	57.6
Male	DIIA	9707-0307*		1649	1675 32.6	1699 32.7	1732 32.9	1778 33.0	1811	1858 33.3	1882	1958 33.6	39.0	7001	4450	0609
Male	DHA	9707-1308	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1780 34.4	2045 35.7	39.3	39.3						,	39.3	47.3	57.7
Male	DIIA	9707-2308	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1651 34.4	1923 35.7	2850	2850						39.2	39.3	47.3	57.7
Male	DHA	9708-0302	Height (9) Age (weeks pca)	1485	1740	2500								42.9		57.3

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\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

	Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses	Wgt_40 Wgt_48 W	2800 44.4 3150 5080 6750 36.7 39.4 47.4 56.4	7.1	2550 30.5 3160 5200 37.6 48.1	33.9 3040 39.6	31.1 3100	2440 32.2 3628 5840 36.4 38.1 50.6	20.9 2440 5525 6646 37.4 47.6 56.6	32.0 3553 6007 40.3 47.6	29.8 2355 3404 40.3 48.0	17.2 2610 4256 40.6 48.7	2735 40.7 3255 5540 37.9 39.7 47.7	48.9 3240 39.7	0 2756 3072 3228 41.4 3960 5200 3 36.3 37.3 37.7 42.3 48.4
						•						•			
				7.1						32.0	29.8	17.2	40.7	48.9	41.4
		Wgt8													
	inalyses	Ngt7													
•	stical	Wgt6													3072 37.3
•	he Stati	Wgt5	2800 36.7		2550 37.6			2440 36.4					2735		2756 36.3
	ded in t	Wgt4	2400 35.4		2160 36.0	1945 34.5	2300	2375 36.0		2120 34.3	2355	1490	2570 36.9	2835	2460
	ts Inclu	Wgt3	2000 34.4		1985 35.0	1695 33.5	2100	2160 35.0	1550	1870 33.3	1950 38.1	1290 34.0	2235 35.9	2045 35.6	2245 34.4
	of Weigh	Ng t 2	1740 33.4	1520 35.4	1800 34.0	1435 32.5	1810 33.9	1880 34.0	1340	1690 32.4	1689	1134 33.0	1880	1686 34.6	2037
	Listing	Wgt1	1490	1470	1545	1240 31.5	1700 32.9	1530	1120	1410	1499	1056 32.0	1635 33.9	1442	1587
		Variable	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (Weeks pca)	Weight (9) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g)	Weight (g)	Weight (g)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)
		Subject	9709-0301	9209-6026	9712-0304	9712-0306	9743-0303	9743-0304	9698-0305	8020-8696	7020-6696	5080-6696	9700-0302	9701-0302	9701-0306
		neu i men	DHA	DHA	DIIA	DHA	DHA	DHA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA
		apoot	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Hale	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

													Grouth			
													Rate			
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Vgt1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Wgt4	Wgt5	Ngté	Ngt7	WgtB	Ngt9	g/day	_	20	Wgt_5/
Male	DHA+ARA	9701-0307	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1397	1710	1919 35.1	2932						42.5	3445 40.6	5930 48.6	7475 57.4
Male	DHA+ARA	9702-0301	Weight (g)	1670 32.0	1865 33.0	2160 34.0	2660 36.0						36.0	3780 40.6	5250 47.6	
Male	DIIA+ARA	9702-0303	Weight (9) Age (weeks pca)	1650 32.9	1905 33.9	2660 36.4							2.04	3500 40.0	5160 48.0	6520 56.4
Male	DHA+ARA	9703-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1255 29.4	1460 30.4	1745	2055 32.3	2415					45.3	4350	6020 47.4	6720 56.6
Male	DIIA+ARA	9703-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1440	1635 33.0	1830 34.0	2115 35.0	2390	2590 36.9				34.1	3170 40.0	4330 47.9	5630 56.7
Male	DHA+ARA	9704-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1110	1270	1490	1740	2050 34.4					35.1	3220 39.9	2.77	7050 56.7
Male	DHA+ARA	9704-0302	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1080 32.0	1230 33.0	1370	1520	1680 36.0	1840 36.9				22.2	2570 40.0	6540 48.1	8050 57.4
Male	DHA+ARA	9705-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1300	1440	1620 34.7	1870 35.7						27.0	2979	4400	5873 58.0
Male	DHA+ARA	9705-0306	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1490 32.4	1700 33.4	2020	2300					32.7	3631 39.9	6.72	6809 56.9
Male	DHA+ARA	9705-0307	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1650 35.4	1810 36.1	2240 37.4						36.4	3007	5589	6596 56.7
Male	DIIA+ARA	9706-0305	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1455	1660 35.4	1930 36.6						31.4	2695 39.9	4820	6225 58.1
Male	DIIA+ARA	9706-0307	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1355	1585 33.0	1825	2270 35.1						40.0	3585	5955	57.6
Male	DHA+ARA	9706-0309	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1620 34.1	1910 35.3	2150 36.0							40.3	3460 40.9	5255 48.7	57.75

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

												_	Growth Rate			; 1
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Hgt4	Ngt5	Wgt6	Wgt?	Wgt8	Wgt9 ;	g/day	Hgt_40	Wgt_48	Wgt_57
Maie	DHA+ARA	9707-0301	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1553 32.6	1980	2280 35.3	2720 36.6						41.5	3395	4950 47.9	6285 56.9
Male	DHA+ARA	9707-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1755	1990	2245	2505	2770 37.7			,		37.4			
Male	DHA+ARA	9707-0310	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1620 32.7	1828 33.7	2140 34.7	3195 37.9						44.8	3585	5170 47.9	6725 56.3
Male	DHA+ARA	9708-0301	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1640	1880	2200 34.7	2420 35.7						38.0	3730 40.1	4835	6185 57.0
Male	DIIA+ARA	9708-0304	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1680 34.6	2180 35.9								55.6			
Male	DIIA+ARA	9709-0303	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1470 32.6	1810 33.6								48.6			
Male	DHA+ARA	9709-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1410 34.4	1655	1900	2160 37.4						35.6	2630 39.7	4570	5520 57.1
Male	DHA+ARA	9712-0303	Weight (g)	1180	1210	1450	1590						20.9	2520 40.4	3500	5010 56.4
Male	DHA+ARA	9712-0305	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1325	1505 32.5	1785 33.5	2010 34.5	2300					34.1	3030 39.6	4350	5510 57.6
Male	DHA+ARA	9723-0301	Weight (g)	1630	1728	1961 35.9	2214 36.9						28.4	3104 40.3		5986 58.9
Male	Æ	9698-0601												3518 40.0	5497 48.3	6582 56.9
Male	¥	9698-0602												3177 40.0	\$220 48.1	6355 57.0
Male	¥	\$090-8696												3858	5447 48.0	6454 57.0

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses Appendix 1

													Growth			
-		n i di di	Variable	Wgt1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Mg C 4	Ng tS	Wgt6	Wgt7	₩gt8	Wgt9	g/day	Ngt_40	Mgt_48	Wgt_57
Liender Male	HH HH	9698-0604		1										4355 40.0	5092 48.0	6383 57.0
Male	¥	9698-0605												3433	4979	6426 57.1
Male	£	9699-0501												3915 40.0	6639 48.3	27.73 57.4
Male	Ŧ	9699-0502												3802	5787 48.4	7178 57.4
Mate	¥	9701-0601												3317 40.0	5555 47.9	7070 56.4
Male	풒	9701-0602												3487 40.0	5833 47.3	8070 58.3
Male	¥	9701-0603									٠			3232 40.0	47.4	5855 56.4
Male	Ŧ	9701-0604												3600	5215 47.9	6285 56.9
Ma-le	至	9701-0605												3402 40.0	5575 47.6	7210 57.6
Mate	H	9701-0606												3090	4485	5445 56.7
Male	풒	9702-0601												3480 40.0	5780 48.6	6530 56.6
Male	¥	9702-0602												3165 40.0	5060	6660 57.1
Male	¥	9703-0502												2670	5420 48.3	7220 57.1

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\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

7660

6720 56.6

5825 57.0

6725 56.9

6560 56.6

7315

6970 56.7

5525 57.1

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5070 47.9 4225 48.0 6220 48.1 5975 6227 48.0 5105 49.0 5175 47.4 6000 48.1 5617 3192 40.0 3461 40.0 3870 40.0 3860 40.0 3152 40.0 3557 40.0 3400 3200 40.0 3285 3435 Growth Rate g/day Ngt9 WgtB Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses Ugt7 Wgt6 Hgt5 Mgt4 Wgt3 Ngt2 Vgt1 Variable 9090-9026 9706-0605 9707-0601 9090-9026 9706-0602 9706-0603 9706-0601 9703-0504 9705-0602 9704-0502 9704-0503 9705-0601 Subject 9703-0503 Regimen Ξ ₹ ₹ 풎 ₹ ₹ ፷ ₹ ፷ ₹ Ξ ₹ Gender Male Male

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

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Male

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

													Growth Rate			
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt1	Wgt2	Hgt3	Ng C 4	Wgt5	Wgt6	Wgt7	WgtB	Wgt9	g/day	Wgt_40	Wgt_48	Wgt_57
Male	¥	9707-0602									•			3206 40.0	4515 48.1	6220 57.7
Male	¥	\$090-2026												4256 40.0	6930	8810 57.0
Male	¥	9202-0604												3419 40.0	5460 48.0	6130 56.7
Male	₹	5090-2026												3433		
Male	Ŧ	9090-2026												3603	5825 48.4	
Male	¥	7090-1076												3569 40.0	5410 47.9	6870 56.9
Male	¥	9707-0608												3348	5135 48.0	6370 57.0
маГе	¥	6090-2026												3348 40.0		
Mate	¥	9708-0601												3064 40.0	5220 47.6	6595 56.4
Male	Æ	9708-0602												4085		
Male	Ħ	9708-0603												3319 40.0	5135 48.4	6327 57.1
Male	¥	9708-0604												3291 40.0		
Male	H.	9708-0605												3796 40.0		

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\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

		;	: :	•	9	77.7	7	<u>.</u>	tlatk	Uat 7	£ 50	O To	Growth Rate	Nat 40	Var 48	Vat 57
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgtl	Wgt2	Wgt 5	Wgt4	Мдсэ	Maro	Ngr.	9.68	A I RM	An /R	7	o F	7 154
Male	포	9708-0606												4050	4645	5405 57.1
Male	¥	9708-0607												3333	4043	5180 56.7
Male	¥	9709-0505												3400		
Female	Control	*6000-8696	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1020 31,1	1050 31.3	1070	1080	1080 31.7	1060	1080 32.0	1070 32.1		5.6			
Female	Control	9699-0001	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1464 32.7	1672 33.7	1862 34.7	2000	2145 36.7					24.1	2610 39.7	4369	5220 56.9
Female	Control	£000-6696	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1473 34.0	1629 35.0	1860 36.0	24 <i>97</i> 38.0						37.3	2780 40.0	4596 48.0	5816 57.0
Female	Control	9701-0003	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1480 34.6	1633	1903	1975 37.3	2292 38.6					29.1	2675 40.6	4165 48.6	5200 55.6
Female	Control	9701-0005	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1174	1366	1555 32.7	1745	1976 34.7					28.3	3175 39.7	5140 48.4	6280 56.4
Female	Control	9701-0008	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1391	1569	1898 36.4	2198	2406 37.9					41.1	2980	4425	5815 56.4
Female	Control	9701-0011	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1050 30.6	1254 31.4	1492 32.4	1756 33.4	2044					36.6	2870 39.7	4420 48.6	5505 57.4
Female	Control	9702-0002	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1222	1371	1570	1750 35.1	1995 36.0	2390				29.4	3380 40.4	47.6	
Female	Control	9702-0004	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1454	1555	1840 33.1	2530 36.0						31.6	3600	5160 47.7	6900 56.7
Female	Control	9702-0010	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1775	2065 35.0	2410 36.0	2645 37.0						42.2	3060 39.9	4820 48.3	6690 57.6

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\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

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Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

	Wgt_57		5640 55.0	6410 56.1	5646 55.0		5305 57.3	7225 53.4	6535 56.7		5297 56.6	4995	7250 57.3	6920 57.3
	Wgt_48	4750	4330	4780 47.7	4085		4165	9.74 47.6	5390	3800 48.4	4535	4125	5385 48.9	5490 48.9
	Wgt_40	3210 39.6	2610 37.3	3360	2722 39.7		2740 40.0	3640	3655	2680 40.1	3320 40.7	3110	3430	3330
Growth	g/day	26.4	29.5	48.3	28.3	37.9	31.7	31.6	56.0	31.1	32.6	30.2	41.2	39.9
	Wgt9													
	Hgt8													
	Ngt7													
	Wgt6	2130										2765 38.3		
	Wgt5	1825	2220 35.3	2685 36.6								2325		
	Hgt4	1570 32.4	1900	2445 36.0	1660 34.0	2330 38.3	2150 36.0			1810 34.6		2010		
	Wgt3	1390 31.3	1765	2095 35.0	1490	1965 37.1	1805	1960 34.3		1585	1935	1655 33.6	3430	3330
	Ngt2	1250 30.4	1590	1715 34.0	1290	1673 36.3	1610 33.7	1620 32.9	2185 35.0	1270 32.4	1765	1505 32.6	3430	3330
	Wgt 1	1170	1420	1495 33.0	1120	1515	1485 33.0	1525	1905	1185	1510 32.0	1465 32.0	1866 34.6	1815 34.6
ı	Variable	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)								
	Subject	9703-0002	9703-0005	9703-0008	9000-5026	9706-0003	9000-9026	6000-9026	9706-0010	9706-0013	9706-0016	9707-0003	9200-2026	9707-1006
	Regimen	Control												
	Gender	Female	Fеmale	Female	Female	Female	Female							

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

													Growth Rate		;	
Japones	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt1	Wgt 2	Wgt3	Wgt4	Wgt5	Wgt6	Wgt7	WgtB	Wgt9	g/day	Wgt_40	Hgt_48	Wgt_5/
Female	Control	9708-0001	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1600	1850 35.4	2050 36.9						27.2	2910 40.6	4734	
Female	Control	9708-0003	Veight (g)	_	970.0 31.0								4.3			
Female	Control	9708-0008	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1380 32.9	1605 33.7	1860 34.9	2180 36.3						33.1	2582 39.3	4110	5361 57.1
Female	Control	9709-0002	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		2225 33.7	2400 34.7							30.0	;		6
Female	Control	9709-0005	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	31.9	1425	1665 34.6	1945 35.6	2200 36.3					32.3	2975 39.6	48.4	56.7
Female	Control	9712-0005	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	972.0 29.1	1145	1290	1490	1695 33.1					25.6	2930 40.3	4450	5880 57.1
Female	Control	9712-0006	Weight (g) Age (Weeks pca)	1203	1358 32.9	1585	1790				•		28.4	3030 39.7	4560 48.0	6230 57.0
Fеmale	Control	9743-0003	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1300	1520 .	1740 34.1	1890						24.0		48.4	5160 57.4
Female	Control	9746-0001	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1420 32.6	1740 33.6	2075 34.6	2320 35.6	2625 36.6					42.7	3170 39.7	4145	5192
Female	DHA	9698-0004	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1410 30.1	1650	1890 32.1	2140						34.7	3787	48.0	6291 57.0
Female	DHA	9000-8696	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1110	1240	1420	1720 33.7						28.7		9	4
Female	DHA	6000-8696	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1205	1310	1520 32.4	1630	2020 34.9					25.9	2891 40.0	48.0	57.0
Female	DHA	6698-0307	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1790 34.4	2110 35.7	2450 37.6							7.67	39.4	47.4	56.4

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

49t_57	8630	57.0	6100 57.0	5986 57.1	5320	?			7675	57.45	57.0	6360	7.76	0237	57.0	5420	57.1
Vgt_48 1	5830	48.0	4860 48.0	4795	4145	- 0 7		4790	0095	5037	48.0	7800	47.3	60,	48.1	0807	47.7
Ngt_40	3100	0.07	3360 39.6	3092 40.1	2705	2120	39.9	3530 40.1	3295	0 1	\$0.0 40.0	3440	39.3		40.1	40.1	40.3
Grouth Rate g/day	305	<u>;</u>	30.0	31.9	31.7	2	2	32.5	26.2	;	38.1	42.2	9	90	39.5	9 9 5 6 F	7.00
Wgt9	•																
Vqt8	•																
Vat7	n E																
Hat	2															2520 35.0	
ي 4 -	C16#		1890	2098					1804	35.3				2485 36.6		2250 34.0	
1	Mgt4		1700	1880		36.0	1485 36.4	2280 34.6	1560	34.4				2280 35.6	2380	1970 33.0	2155
<b>1</b>	Ngt 3	1740 35.0	1490	1590		34.7	1345 35.7	2130	1305	33.4	2850		3440	1955	2110 35.7	1755 32.0	2015 36.4
,	Ngt2	1670 34.6	1310	1370	33.0	33.7	1188	1830	1170	32.6	1771	?	3440 39.3	1665 33.6	1775 34.7	1490 31.0	1725 35.4
	Wgt1	1440 33.6	1050	1220	32.7	1270 33.0	33.4	1610	0.10	31.3	1635	0. <del>1</del> .0	34.4	1460	1485	1250 29.6	1540
	Variable	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)			pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g)		(ead	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)				_
	Subject	7000-7026	9704-0005	0205-0001		9000-9026	9706-0008	9706-0012		9706-0014	7000-2026		9707-0308	9708-0004	9708-0006	9709-0001	9709-0003
	Regimen	DHA	DHA	•	<u> </u>	DHA	DHA	DHA		DHA	DHA	į	DIIA	DHA	DIKA	DIIA	DHA
	Gender R		Female		remare	Female	Female			Female	a leman		Female	female	Female	Female	Female

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

	Wgt_57	5250 57.1		5340	5400	5160 57.4	6582 56.7		6979 57.3	8341 57.0	6420 57.1	6525 56.4	6270 57.3	6955 56.9
	Wgt_48	3980		4250	4140	4540	5348		5107 48.3	6752 48.0	4930	5115 48.4	5045	4935
	Ngt_40	2940 40.1		39.7			3530 40.0	3241	3177	4059	3340	2930 39.4	3600	2680 39.9
Growth Rate	g/day	24.9	26.4	27.3	33.5	29.7	37.1	31.8	28.9	35.1	31.9	37.8	38.3	29.8
	Wgt9													
	Wgt8													
	Ngt7													
	Wgt6										2480 35.6			
	Hgt5	1685 34.0			1930 36.1				1788 35.0	2330	2220	2420 37.4	2728 36.1	2227 37.7
	Wgt4	1470 33.0		1650 35.7	1800	1975 35.1	2380 34.9	2260 35.7	1536	2000	2035	2210 36.4	2456	1982 36.7
	Wgt3	1270 32.0	1430	1440	1470	1845	2000	2130	1283 33.0	1688 33.9	1885 32.3	1887 35.4	2113	1590 35.7
	Hgt2	1120 31.0	1230	1230 33.7	1170	1570	1690 32.6	1870	1122	1542 32.9	1525	1609	1859	1427 34.9
	Wgt 1	987.0 30.0	1060	1082 32.7	1000 32.1	1380	1550 31.6			1330 31.9				
	Variable	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (9) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (Weeks pca)	Weight (g)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)								
	Subject	9712-0001	9712-0002	9712-0007	9743-0001	9743-0002	9698-0001	9698-0002	7000-6696	5000-6696	2000-0026	9701-0002	9701-0006	9701-0007
	Regimen	DHA	DIIA	DHA	DIIA	DIIA	DIIA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA
	Gender	Female	Female	Female	fenale	Female	Female	female						

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1 Listing of Weight's Included in the Statistical Analyses

	3 Wgt_57		5550 57.4		5340 56.4								5050 57.0	
	Wgt_48	5545 48.4	4545	6220 48.4	4300	4680	4250 48.1	5400 48.1	4190	5150 48.0	5400 48.0	5107 48.4	4000 48.0	6550 48.6
	Wgt 40	3500		4190	3025 40.0	2905 39.9	3030	3600	2850 40.0	3110 40.0	4000	3376 39.9	2600	4100
Growth Rate	9/day	34.6	35.6	39.9	29.9	6.02	28.9	49.1	27.4	26.7	30.0	49.8	22.1	34.5
	Wgt9												1380 33.4	
	Wgt8												1350 33.3	
	Wgt 7									2070			1265 33.0	
	Wgt6	2759 37.7							2240 36.6	1780			1310	
	WgtS	2433 36.1		2400 34.1	2710 38.0	2655 37.3	1955 35.3		2030	1570			1310 32.4	
	Wgt4	2234 35.3		2155	2525 37.0	2595 37.0	1680 34.3	2880 37.0	1880 35.0	1370		2920 37.7	1280	2060
	Wgt3	1978		1820 32.1	2300 36.0	2230 36.0	1450 33.1	2560 35.9	1620 34.0	1200 30.9		2500 36.6	31.7	1685
	Wgt2	1703 33.4	2019	1488	2060 35.0	35.0	1255 32.1	2200 35.0	1495	1090 30.0	1840 33.4	2260 35.7	1120 31.4	1515
	Wgt1	1488	1841 33.0	1293 30.1	1895 34.0	1725	1145	1865 34.0	1390	960.0	1690 32.7	1760	1075 31.1	1290
	Variable	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Weight (g)
	Subject	9701-0010	9701-0013	9702-0003	9702-0005	9702-0009	9703-0001	9000-2026	9703-0007	9704-0002	9704-0003	9705-0003	\$2000-5026	9706-0001
	Regimen	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DIIA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DIIA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DHA+ARA	DIIA+ARA	DIIA+ARA	DHA+ARA
	Gender		Femal e	Female	Female									

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wat1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Wgt4	Hgt5	Ngté	Wgt7	Wgt8	Wgt9	Growth Rate g/day	Ngt_40	Wgt_48	Wgt_57
970	9706-0002	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1395	1710 33.0	1884 33.9	2275 35.4						34.8	2845	4645	5550 57.3
26	9000-9026	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1550 36.7	1705 37.6	2050 38.7							36.1	2645	4225	4935 58.0
6	2000-9026	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1235	1490 34.6	1820 35.7	1930 36.4						34.3	2505		
5.	9706-0011	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1900	2105 35.0								41.0	3430	5175 48.4	6140 56.7
•	9706-0015	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1670 34.6	1975 35.6	2210 36.4							41.6	3005	4465	5810 57.6
	9706-0017	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1700	1895 34.3	2170						33.4			
	9707-0002	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)		2240 36.0	2385	2610 37.9				•		33.2			
	9708-0002	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)		1700 34.0	1980 35.0	2200 36.0						32.5	2724 38.1	4645 47.6	6315 55.4
	9708-0005	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1125	1345 33.4	1610 34.4	1980 35.4						40.4	3121	5855	7875 57.4
	9708-0007	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1200	1440	1680 33.3	1975						36.6			
	7000-6026	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1350	1560	1885 34.6	2250 35.6	2475 36.3		•			37.0	3295	5250 48.4	6685 56.7
	9712-0003	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1283 32.0	1410 33.0	1590 34.0	1850 35.0	2010 36.0					27.1	2580	4130	5640 57.5
	9712-0004	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1575 33.0	1780	1890	2080 35.6	2530 37.6					29.7	3220 40.3	4920	6600 57.1

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

				•	;	•	3	1	74-1	11047	<b>8</b>	01010	Growth Rate	07 Jon	87 Jon	Vat 57
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt1	Ngt2	Wgt3	Ngt4	Wgt5	Maro	7164	Maro	ABL)	An/B	O# 16M	n f	17
Female	DIIA+ARA	9712-0008	Veight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1590 34.0	1780 35.0	1990 35.8	2475					•	37.2	2960 40.1	4470	5760 57.1
Female	DHA+ARA	2000-9526	Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	1249	1429	1597 34.7	1814	2110 36.7					30.1	2680 39.9	4010	5362 56.9
Female	¥	9698-0501												3546	4880	
Female	포	9698-0502												3518 40.0	5972 47.9	
Female	W.	9698-0503												3390 40.0	4213	5319
Female	Ŧ	7050-8696												3383 40.0	5234 48.7	6667 57.9
Female	£	9698-0505												3646 40.0	4638	5653 57.0
Female	¥	9699-0601												2582 40.0	4766	5731 57.0
Female	¥	2090-6696												4284	4823	5986 57.0
Female	¥	6699-0603												3716 40.0	4482	5674
Female	¥	7090-6696												3660	4738 48.0	6355 57.0
Female	¥.	5090-6696												3433	5617 48.4	7603 57.6
Female	¥	9701-0501												3884	5630 47.7	6450 57.7

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

Wgt_57	6700 57.6	5085 57.4	6230 57.1	6630 56.7	6800 57.1	4530 57.4	6270 57.4	5320 57.0	7600 57.7	4940 57.4	5860 57.0	6360 57.1	7670 57.3
49t_48	5420 48.6	4265	5020	5540 47.7	5310 47.4	3430 47.7	5390 48.0	4210 47.9	6040	4050 48.9	4240	5260 48.1	5760 48.3
Wgt_40	3858 40.0	3430	3317	3302 40.0	2658 40.0	2895	3401 40.0	3141 40.0	3762 40.0	2718 40.0	2927 40.0	4085	3390
Growth Rate g/day													
Ngt9													
₩gt8	•												
Wgt7													
Wgt6													
Ngt5													
Hat4													
Ngt3													
Ngt2													
Wgt1													
Variable													
Subject	9701-0502	9701-0503	9701-0504	9702-0501	9702-0502	9702-0503	9702-0504	9702-0505	9702-0506	9702-0507	9702-0508	9703-0501	9703-0505
Regimen	¥	¥	¥	WH	Σ	¥	¥	至	¥	¥	¥	W.	₹
Gender	Female	Female	Female	Female	Female	Female	Fenale	Female	Female	Female	Female	Female	Female

\* four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

Wgt_57	7490 56.9	6550 56.3	5880 57.4	5702 57.1	7348 57.3	6645 58.1	5525 57.6	6770 56.6	7080 57.1	7675 56.9		6890 57.6	5950 57.4
Wgt_48	6170 47.9	5090 48.0	4700	4500	6327 48.3	5000	4315	5515 47.9	5500	5785 47.9		5440 48.1	5192 48.1
Wgt_40	3405 40.0	3085 40.0	3194	3120 40.0	4080	3396	3041	4653	3419 40.0	3773 40.0	3716 40.0	3688	3454 40.0
Growth Rate g/day													
Wgt9													
Ngt8													
Wgt7													
Vgt6													
WgtS													
Vgt4													
Wgt3													
Wgt2													
Wgt1													
Variable													
Subject	9030-0206	9703-0507	9704 - 0501	9705-0501	9705-0502	9706-0501	9706-0502	9707-0501	9707-0502	9707-0503	9707-0505	9708-0501	9708-0502
Regimen	¥	¥	至	垩	Ŧ	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	WH
Gender	Female												

\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

					;	•	:		;	,	•	9	Growth Rate	4	4	,	
Gender	Regimen	Subject	Variable	Wgt 1	Wgt2	Wgt3	Wgt4	Hgts	Wgto	Mgt /	Hata	H917	g/day	04_16M	25 J6M	/c_16#	
Female	¥	9708-0503												2977 40.0	5165 48.1	7040 57.4	
Female	퐆	9708-0504												3864	5660 48.4	6705 57.4	
Female	¥	9708-0505												3831 40.0	5800 47.7	7435 57.6	
Female	¥	9709-0501												3550 40.0			
Female	H.	9709-0502												3715 40.0	\$205 48.0	6100 56.9	
Female	¥	9709-0503												3195 40.0			
Fernale	¥	9060-6026												3190 40.0	4590		•
Female	¥	9050-6026												3505	48.0	5910 57.1	

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\* Four subjects had more the 9 weights used in growth rate calculation. A complete listing appears on the last page.

Appendix 1

Listing of Weights Included in the Statistical Analyses

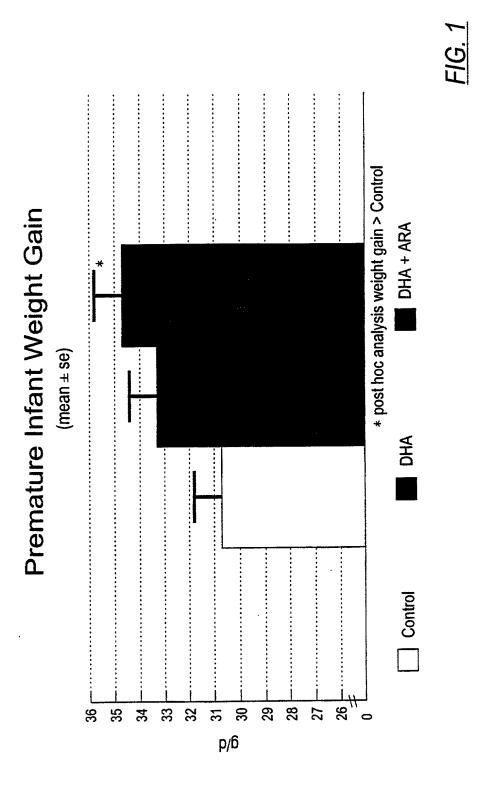
_					
Growth Rate	g/uay	26.1	39.6	5.6	22.1
4	01.16M				1670 34.9
4					1680 34.7
1444	01.16				1640 34.6
1	C 3 5 8				1585
1	MBLIS MBLIS MBLIO MBLIS MBLIS				1565 34.3
7	C D DM				1515
	71 16M		2075 34.0		1510 34.0
1	Mario Warii waris	1465 33.0	2030 33.9		1450 33.9
9	01 164	1448 32.9	1994 33.7		1440 33.7
9	MBLA	1433 32.7	1938 33.6		1380 33.4
	2164	1402 32.6	1882 33.4	1070 32.1	1350 33.3
	/16M	1369 32.4	1858 33.3	1080 32.0	1265 33.0
;	Hato	1330 32.3	1811 33.1	1060 31.9	1310 32.7
:	Hgts	1294 32.1	1778 33.0	1080	1310 32.4
;	Wgt4	1291 32.0	1732 32.9	1080 31.6	1280 32.1
!	Wgts	1245 31.9	1699 32.7	1070	31.7
;	Wgt1 Wgt2	1221 31.7	1675 32.6	1050 31.3	1120 31.4
•	Wgt1	1245 1 31.6 3	1649 1675 32.4 32.6	1020 1 31.1 3	31.1
	Gender Regimen SUBJECT Variable	Male Control 9712-0301 Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Male DIIA 9707-0307 Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Female Control 9698-0003 Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)	Female DHA+ARA 9705-0005 Weight (g) Age (weeks pca)

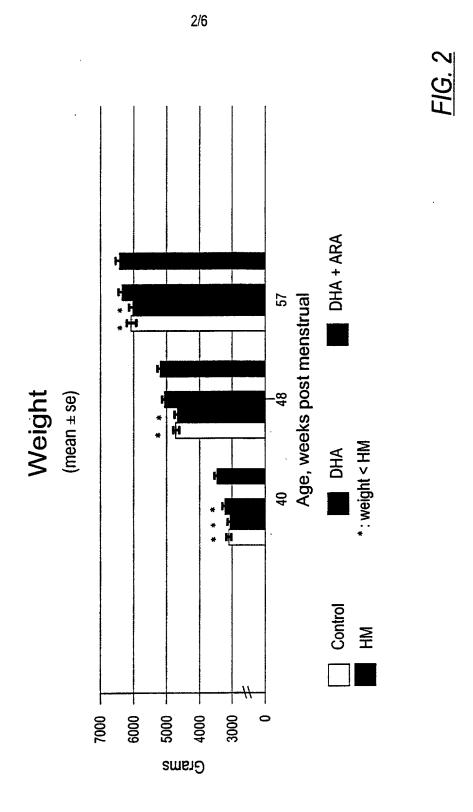
## What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for enhancing the growth of preterm infants comprising administering to said infants a growth enhancing amount of DHA and ARA.
- 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein DHA and ARA are supplemented into infant formula.
- 3. The method of Claim 1 wherein the ratio of ARA:DHA is 1:2 to 5:1.
- 4. The method of Claim 1 wherein the ratio of ARA:DHA is 1.1 to 3:1.
- 5. The method of Claim 1 wherein the ratio of ARA:DHA is about 2:1.
- 6. The method of Claim 2 wherein the infant formula comprises DHA in an amount of about 2 mg/100 kcal to about 50 mg/100 kcal and ARA in an amount of about 4 mg/100 kcal to about 100 mg/100 kcal.
- 7. The method of Claim 2 wherein the infant formula comprises DHA in an amount of about 5 mg/100 kcal to about 33 mg/100 kcal and ARA in an amount of about 10 mg/100 kcal to about 67 mg/100 kcal.

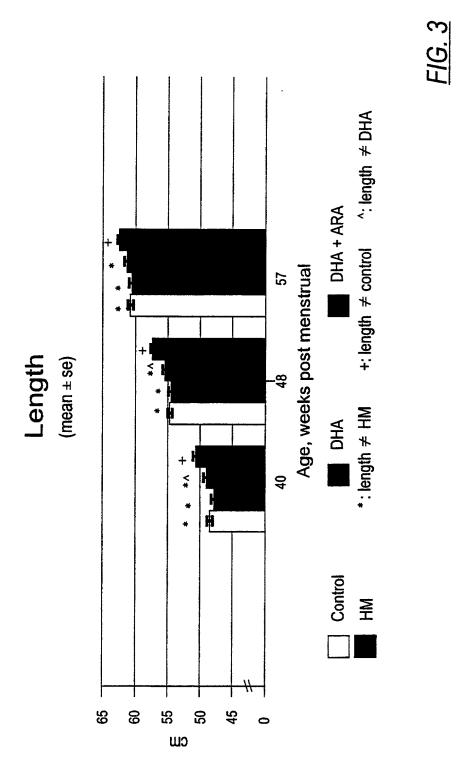
- 8. The method of Claim 2 wherein the infant formula comprises DHA in an amount of about 15 mg/100 kcal to about 20 mg/100 kcal and ARA in an amount of about 30 mg/100 kcal to about 40 mg/100 kcal.
- 9. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of time to achieve growth equivalent to normal terms breast fed infants is less than 9 months corrected age.
- 10. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of time to achieve growth equivalent to normal terms breast fed infants is less than 6 months corrected age.
- 11. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of time to achieve growth equivalent to normal terms breast fed infants is less than 4 months corrected age.
- 12. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of time to achieve growth equivalent to normal terms breast fed infants is less than 2 months corrected age.
- 13. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of time to achieve growth equivalent to normal terms breast fed infants is no greater than term corrected age.



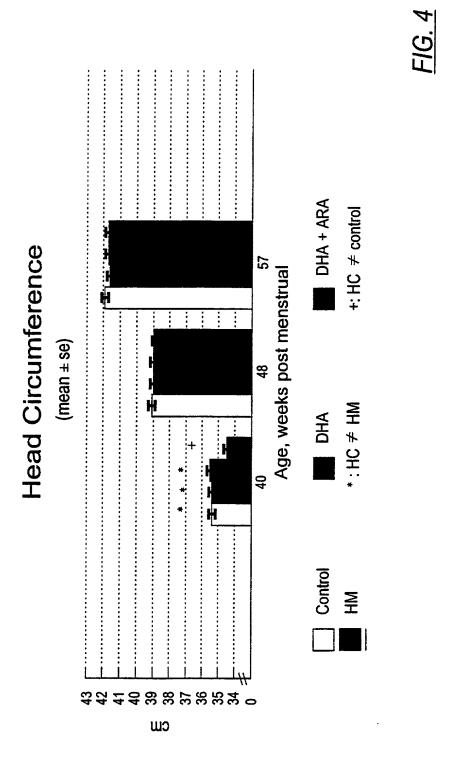




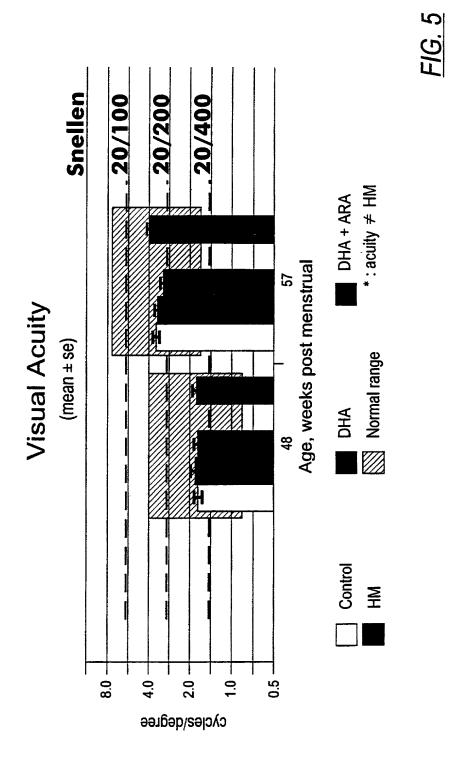




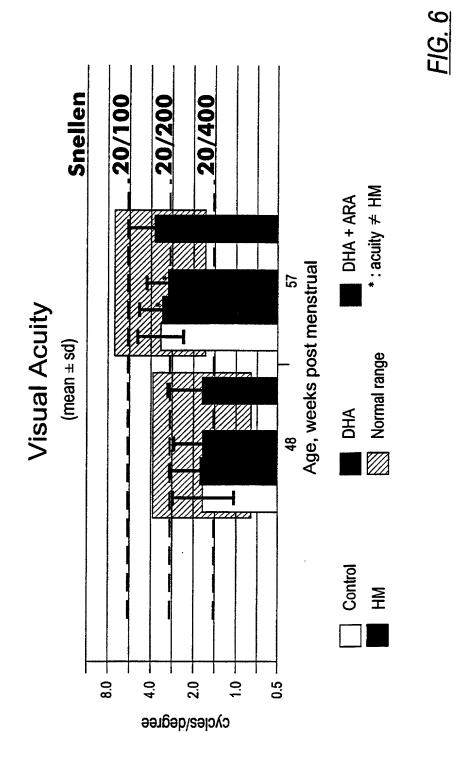




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Attorney	Docket	No.	MJ	729	

## COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a	below	named	inventor,	Ι	hereby	declare	that:
------	-------	-------	-----------	---	--------	---------	-------

As a below named	•		
My residence, post	office address and	citizenship are as stated below	v next to my name.
I believe I am the o joint inventor (if place) sought on the inven	ural names are liste	d below) of the subject matter	is listed below) or an original, first and r which is claimed for which a patent is and Archidonic Acid Enhancing the
the specification of		th of Preterm Infants	ild Alchidonic held himmering em
	f ] is attach	ad harata	
	· -	ed hereto d on September 21, 1999	as
		tion Serial No. 09/381,48	
including the claim		I understand the contents of the	ne above-identified specification,
I acknowledge the		ormation which is material to leral Regulations, §1.56(a).	the examination of this application in
business to the Pate John M. Kilcoyne,	ent and Trademark Reg. No. <u>33,10</u> 0; c/o Bristol-Myers.	Office connected therewith: 5 Stuart E. Krieger, Reg. No. 2	this application and to transact all Fineodore R. Furman, Reg. No. 30,942; 28,731. Address all correspondence to parters Park Drive, Skillman, New Jersey
application(s) for pa	atent or inventor's	s under Title 35, United State certificate listed below and hatificate having a filing date be	s Code, §119 of any foreign we also identified below any foreign efore that of the application on which
priority is claimed.	PRIC	ORITY FOREIGN APPLICA	TION(S)
Number	Country	Filed (day/month/year)	Priority Claimed (Yes or No)
PCT/US98/10566	US	20/March/1998	Yes
below and, insofar United States applie §112, I acknowledge	as the subject matte cation in the manne ge the duty to discle (a) which occurred	er of each of the claims of this or provided by the first paragraps ose material information as de between the filing date of the	of any United States application(s) listed application is not disclosed in the prior aph of Title 35, United States Code, fined in Title 37, Code of Federal prior application and the national or PCT
(Application S.N.)	— (Fi	ling Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
on information and knowledge that will under Section 1001	belief are believed Iful false statements of Title 18 of the	to be true; and further that the sand the like so made are pur	lige are true and that all statements made nese statements were made with the hishable by fine or imprisonment, or both such willful false statements may n.
ا ر) Full name of sole o	r first inventor	Deborah A. Schade	
Inventor's signature	Debrok a	Skaple	Date 9/30/99
Resident (Town and		ville, Indiana I N	$\bigcup$
	s		
		r Mt. Vernon Road, Evansy	ville IN 47712

	Full name of second inventor Kimberly L. Merkel
1-00	Inventor's signature Kindle Mukel Date Sept 30, 1999
	Resident (Town and State) Evansville, Indiana
	Citizenship us .
	Post Office Address 6616 Whetstone Road, Evansville, IN 47711
	Full name of third inventor James W. Hansen
do d	Inventor's signature parul ff. Jourse Date 10-4-99
	Resident (Town and State) Evansville, Indiana I N
	Citizenship US
	Post Office Address 5600 Spring Park Drive, Evansville, IN 47711